EKI-7659C/7659CI

Industrial 8+2G Combo Ports Managed Redundant Gigabit Ethernet Switch

User Manual

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CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

FCC Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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- Step 1. Visit the Advantech web site at <u>www.advantech.com/support</u> where you can find the latest information about the product.
- Step 2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
 - Product name and serial number
 - Description of your peripheral attachments
 - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software etc.)
 - A complete description of the problem
 - The exact wording of any error messages

Safety Instructions

- 1. Read these safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this User's Manual for later reference.
- 3. Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
- 4. For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- 5. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 6. Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- 7. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 8. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
- 9. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 10. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 11. If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- 12. Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
- 13. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
- 14. If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - a. The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - b. Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - c. The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - d. The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
 - e. The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
 - f. The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
- 15. DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE MAY GO BELOW -40 $^\circ$ C (-40 $^\circ$ F) OR ABOVE 85 $^\circ$ C (185 $^\circ$ F). THIS COULD DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT. THE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT.

Safety Precaution - Static Electricity

Follow these simple precautions to protect yourself from harm and the products from damage.

- 1. To avoid electrical shock, always disconnect the power from your equipment chassis before you work on it.
- 2. Disconnect power before making any configuration changes.

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CHAPTER

Overview

Sections include:

- Introduction
- Features
- Specifications
- Packing List
- Safety Precaution

Chapter 1 Overview

1.1 Introduction

To create reliability in your network, the EKI-7659C comes equipped with a proprietary redundant network protocol—X-Ring that was developed by Advantech, which provides users with an easy way to establish a redundant Ethernet network with ultra high-speed recovery time less than 10 ms.

Aside from 8 x 10/100Base-TX fast Ethernet ports, the EKI-7659C comes equipped with 2 combo 10/100/1000 Mbps RJ-45 copper ports or mini-GBIC expansion ports. Traditional RJ-45 ports can be used for uplinking wide-band paths in short distance (< 100 m), or the appropriate replaceable SFP ports can be used for the application of wideband uploading and long distance transmissions to fit the field request flexibility. Also, the long MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) ensures that the EKI-7659C will continue to operate until a Gigabit network infrastructure has been established, without requiring any extra upgrade costs.

1.1.1 The SFP Advantage

The EKI-7659C's two SFP fiber slots provide a lot of flexibility when planning and implementing a network. The slots can accept any SFP-type fiber transceivers and these tranceivers are designed for transmitting over distances of either 500m (multimode), 10km, 30km, 50km, 70km or 110km (single-mode) – and the slots support SFP transceivers for WDM single-fiber transmissions. This means that you can easily change the transmission mode and distance of the switch by simply pulling out the SFP transceiver and plugging in a different one. The SFP ports are hot-swappable and plug-and-play! Also, the fact that the switch has two of these slots, means that the network manager can, for example, have one 10km transceiver in one slot and one 110km in the other.

1.1.2 High-Speed Transmissions

The EKI-7659C includes a switch controller that can automatically sense transmission speeds (10/100 Mbps). The RJ-45 interface can also be auto-detected, so MDI or MDI-X is automatically selected and a crossover cable is not required. All Ethernet ports have memory buffers that support the store-and-forward mechanism. This assures that data is properly transmitted.

1.1.3 Dual Power Inputs

To reduce the risk of power failure, the EKI-7659C provides +12 \sim 48 V_{DC} dual power inputs. If there is power failure, EKI-7659C will automatically switch to the secondary power input.

1.1.4 Flexible Mounting

EKI-7659C is compact and can be mounted on a DIN-rail or panel, so it is suitable for any space-constrained environment.

1.1.5 Wide Operating Temperature

The operating temperature of the EKI-7659C is between -10 \sim 60 $^\circ\!{\rm C}$. With such a wide range, you can use the EKI-7659C in some of the harshest industrial environments that exist.

1.1.6 Easy Troubleshooting

LED indicators make troubleshooting quick and easy. Each 10/100 Base-TX port has 2 LED indicators that display the link status, transmission speed and collision status. Also the three power indicators P1, P2 and P-Fail help you diagnose the unit immediately.

1.2 Features

2 Gigabit Copper/SFP combo ports, plus 8 Fast Ethernet ports
SFP socket for Easy and Flexible Fiber Expansion
Redundancy: Gigabit X-Ring (ultra high-speed recovery time<10ms), RSTP/STP (802.1w/1D)
Management: Web, Telnet, Serial Console, Windows Utility and SNMP
Control: VLAN/GVRP, QOS, IGMP Snooping, LACP, and Rate Limit

Control: VLAN/GVRP, QOS, IGMP Snooping, LACP, and Rate Limit Security: IP/MAC and port binding, DHCP Server, IP access list, 802.1x, SNMPv3 Diagnostic: Port Statistic, Port Mirroring, RMON, Trap, SNMP Alert, and Syslog Dual 12 ~ 48 V_{DC} power inputs and 1 Relay Output Robust mechanism and special heat spreader design

Communications

Standard	IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, 802.3x, 802.3z, 802.1D IEEE 802.1w, 802.1p, 802.1Q, 802.1X, 802.3ad
LAN	10/100/1000Base-T, Optional 100Base-FX, 1000Base-SX/LX/LHX/XD/ZX/EZX
Transmission Distance	Ethernet: Up to 100m (4-wire Cat.5e, Cat.6 RJ-45 cable suggested for Gigabit port) SFP: Up to 110km (depends on SFP)
Transmission Speed	Fast Ethernet: 10/100Mbps, Auto-Negotiation Gigabit Copper: Up to 1000 Mbps Gigabit Fiber: Up to 1000Mbps
Interface	
Connectors	8 x RJ-45 2 x RJ-45/SFP (mini-GBIC) combo ports 6-pin removable screw terminal (Power & Relay)
LED Indicators	System: PWR, PWR1, PWR2, R.M., P-Fail 10/100TX: Link/Activity, Duplex/Collision Gigabit Copper: Link/Activity, Speed (1000Mbps) SFP: Link/Activity
Console	RS-232 (RJ-45)
Power	
Power Consumption Power Input Fault Output	Max. 7.9 W 2 x Unregulated +12 ~ 48 V _{DC} 1 Relay Output
<u>Mechanism</u>	
Dimensions (WxHxD) Enclosure Mounting	79 x 152 x 105 mm IP30, metal shell with solid mounting kits DIN-rail, wall
<u>Environment</u>	
Operating Temperature	-10 ~ 60 ℃ (14 ~ 140 °F) EKI-7659CI (Wide temp.): -40~75 ℃ (-40~167 °F)
Operating Humidity	$5 \sim 95\%$ (non-condensing)

Storage Temperature Storage Humidity MTBF -40 ~ 85 $^\circ \rm C$ (-40~185 $^\circ \rm F)$ 0 ~ 95% (non-condensing) 284,409 hours

Certifications

Safety EMC

UL, 60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.60950 EU: EN55011, EN61000-6-4 EN55022, Class A, EN61000-3-2/3 EN55024 IEC61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8 EN61000-6-2 IEC60068-2-32 IEC60068-2-27 IEC60068-2-6

Freefall Shock Vibration

1.4 Packing List

- 1 x EKI-7659C Industrial Managed Gigabit Ethernet Switch
- 1 x eAutomation Industrial Communication CD-ROM with software, and User manual
- 2 x Wall Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x DIN-rail Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x 8-pin RJ-45 to RS-232 serial cable
- 1 x DC Jack Cable φ 2.0/150mm
- 1 x EKI-7659C Startup Manual

1.5 Safety Precaution

Attention IF DC voltage is supplied by an external circuit, please use a protection device on the power supply input.

CHAPTER CHAPTER

Installation

Sections include:

- LED Indicators
- Dimensions
- Mounting
- Network Connection
- Connection to a Fiber Optic Network
- Power Connection
- X-Ring Application
- Coupling Ring Application
- Dual Homing Application

Chapter 2 Installation

In this chapter, you will be given an overview of the EKI-7659C hardware installation procedures.

2.1 LED Indicators

There are few LEDs display the power status and network status located on the front panel of EKI-7659C, each of them has its own specific meaning shown as below.

Table 2.1: EKI-7659C LED Definition				
LED	Color	Description		
PWR	Green	On	System power on	
		Off	No power input	
R.M.	Green	On	The industrial switch is the master of the X-ring group	
K.WI.		Off	The industrial switch is not the master of the X-ring group	
PWR1	Groop	On	Power input 1 is active	
FWRI	Green	Off	Power input 1 is inactive	
PWR2		On	Power input 2 is active	
FWRZ	Green	Off	Power input 2 is inactive	
P-Fail	Red	On	Power input 1 or 2 is inactive or port link down (depends on Fault Relay Alarm configuration)	
		Off	Power input 1 and 2 are both active, or no power input	
	Green	On	SFP port is linking	
Link/Active (for G9, G10 SFP)		Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving	
		Off	Not connected to network	
	Green (Upper LED)	On	The port is operating at speed of 1000M	
		Off	The port is disconnected or not operating at speed of 1000M	
G9, G10 (RJ-45)	Green (Lower LED)	On	Connected to network	
		Flashing	Networking is active	
		Off	Not connected to network	
	Green	On	Connected to network	
Link/Active (1~8)		Flashing	Networking is active	
		Off	Not connected to network	
	Orange	On	Ethernet port full duplex	
Duplex/Collision (1~8)		Flashing	Collision of packets occurs	
		Off	Ethernet port half duplex or not connected to network	

2.2 Dimensions (unit: mm)

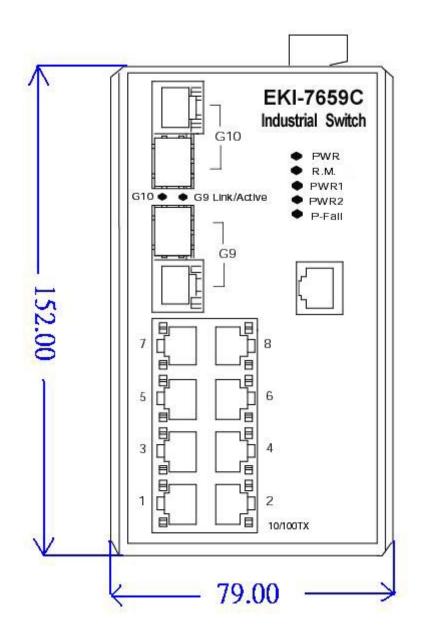


Figure 2.1: Front View of EKI-7659C

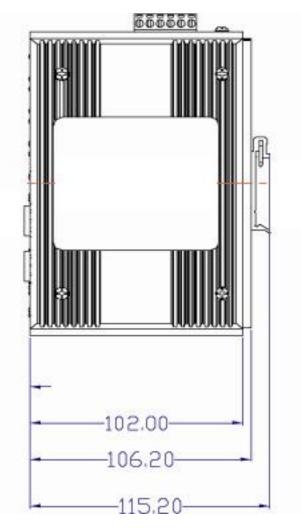


Figure 2.2: Side View of EKI-7659C

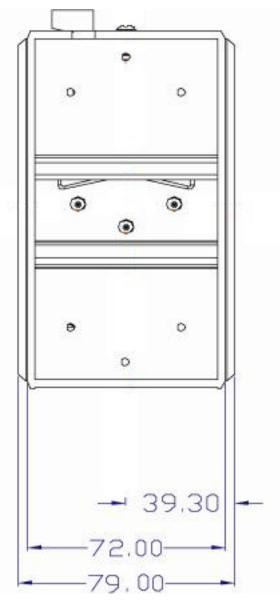


Figure 2.3: Rear View of EKI-7659C

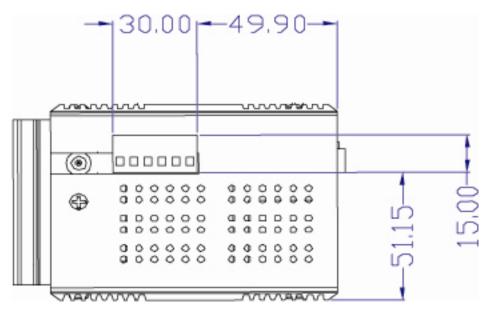


Figure 2.4: Top View of EKI-7659C

2.3 Mounting

The EKI-7659C supports two mounting methods: DIN-rail & Wall.

2.3.1 Wall mounting

EKI-7659C can be wall-mounted by using the included mounting kit. Then, hang on the EKI-7659C to the nails on the wall.

First, use the screws included in the package to combine the EKI-7659C and metal mounting kit. And then you can install the device firmly via the components, please see Figure 2.5 as below.



Figure 2.5: Combine the Metal Mounting Kit

2.3.2

2.3.2 DIN-rail Mounting You can also mount EKI-7659C on a standard DIN-rail by steps below.

The DIN-rail kit is screwed on the industrial switch when out of factory. If the DIN-rail kit is not screwed on the industrial switch, please screw the DIN-rail kit on the switch first.

First, hang the EKI-7659C to the DIN-rail with angle of inclination. See Figure 2.6.



Figure 2.6: Installation to DIN-rail Step 1

Then, let the device down straight to slide over the rail smoothly. See Figure 2.7.



Figure 2.7: Installation to DIN-rail Step 2

2.4 Network Connection

The EKI-7659C has 8 x RJ-45 ports that support connection to 10 Mbps Ethernet, or 100 Mbps Fast Ethernet, and half or full duplex operation. EKI-7659C can be connected to other hubs or switches via a twisted-pair straight-through or crossover cable up to 100m long. The connection can be made from any TX port of the EKI-7659C (MDI-X) to another hub or switch either MDI-X or uplink MDI port.

The EKI-7659C supports auto-crossover to make networking more easy and flexible. You can connect any RJ-45 (MDI-X) station port on the switch to any device such as a switch, bridge or router.

2.5 Connection to a Fiber Optic Network

EKI-7659C has two SFP slots for connecting to the network segment with single or multi-mode fiber. You can choose the appropriate mini-GBIC transceiver to plug into the slot. Make sure the transceiver is aligned correctly and then slide the transceiver into the SFP slot until a click is heard. You can use proper multi-mode or single-mode fiber according to the used SFP transceiver. With fiber optic, it transmits speed up to 1000 Mbps and you can prevent noise interference from the system and transmission distance up to 110 km, depending on the mini-GBIC transceiver.

The small form-factor pluggable (SFP) is a compact optical transceiver used in optical communications for both telecommunication and data communications applications.

Note The SFP/Copper Combo port can be used at one time either. The SFP port has the higher priority than copper port; if you insert the 1000M SFP transceiver into the SFP port which is connected to the remote device, the connection of the accompanying copper port will link down.

If you insert the 100M SFP transceiver into the SFP port even without a fiber connection to the remote, the connection of the accompanying copper port will link down immediately.

To connect the transceiver and LC cable, please follow the steps shown below:

First, insert the transceiver into the SFP slot. Notice that the triangle mark indicates the bottom of the slot.

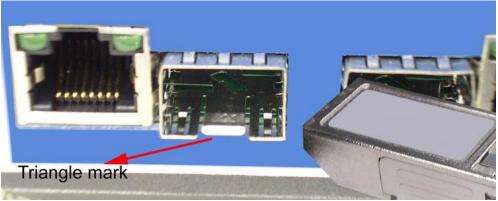


Figure 2.8: Transceiver to the SFP slot

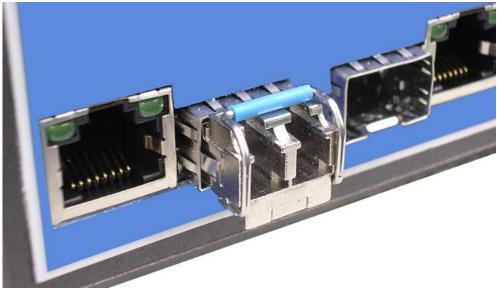


Figure 2.9: Transceiver Inserted

Second, insert the fiber cable of LC connector into the transceiver.

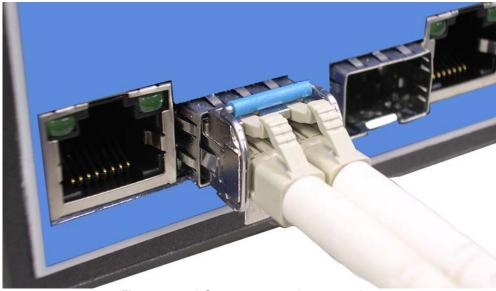


Figure 2.10: LC connector to the transceiver

To remove the LC connector from the transceiver, please follow the steps shown below:

First, press the upper side of the LC connector to release from the transceiver and pull it out.

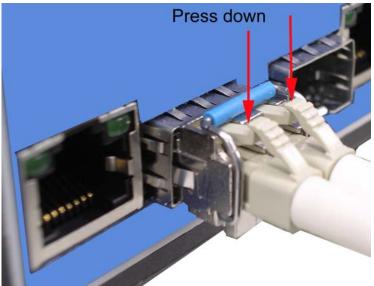


Figure 2.11: Remove LC connector

Second, push down the metal loop and pull the transceiver out by the plastic handle.

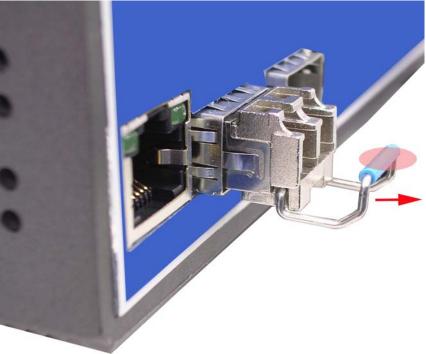


Figure 2.12: Pull out from the transceiver

2.6 Power Connection

The EKI-7659C supports dual +12 \sim 48 V_{DC} power inputs and power-fail relay output.

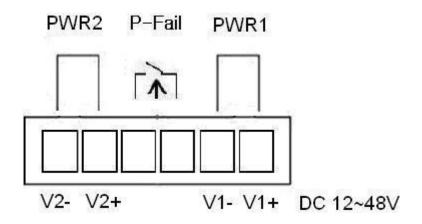
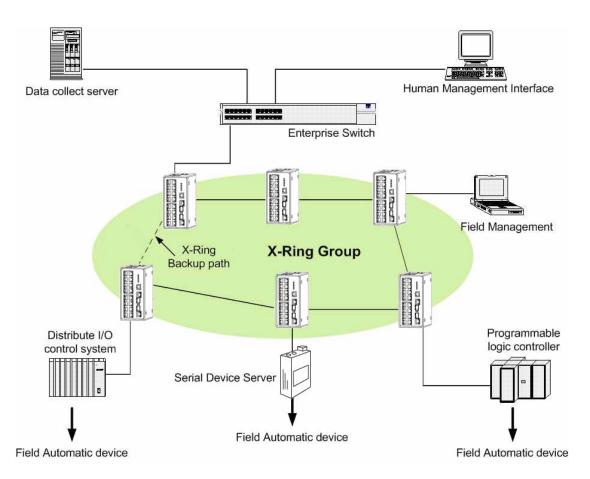


Figure 2.13: Pin Assignments of the Power Connector

You can connect an alarm indicator, buzzer or other signaling equipment through the relay output. The relay opens if power input 1, 2 fails or port link down/break ("Open" means if you connect relay output with an LED, the light would be off).

2.7 X-Ring Application

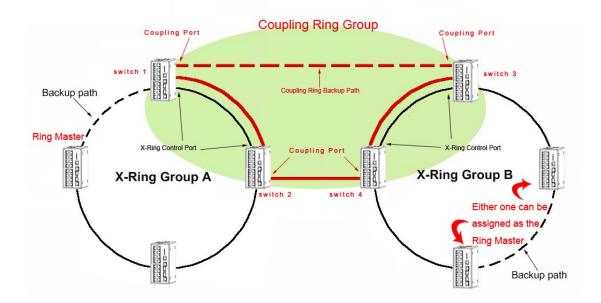
The industrial switch supports the X-Ring protocol that can help the network system recover from network connection failure within 10ms or less and make the network system more reliable. The X-Ring algorithm is similar to Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) and Rapid STP (RSTP) algorithm but its recovery time is less than STP/RSTP. The figure below is a sample of X-Ring application.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitation as follows. However, the one with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitation.
 - 1. The X-Ring is supposed to recover from connection failure within 10ms when the amount of the connected devices of the X-Ring group is less than 50.

2.8 Coupling Ring Application

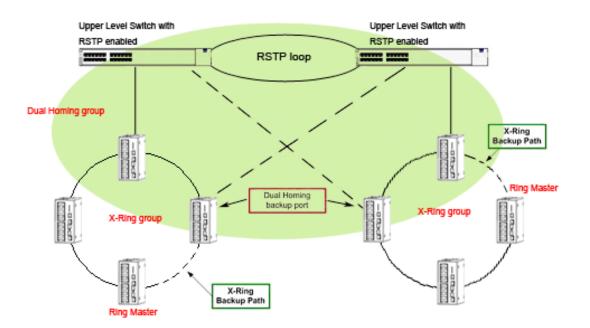
As the illustration shown below, users can use the X-Ring groups to form a coupling ring for redundant backup. It can ensure the transmissions between X-Ring groups not to fail. The following figure is a sample of coupling ring application.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.
 - 1. To ensure the coupling ring to work normally, the connection between control ports of each X-ring group, as the figure illustrated above, should always be active.
 - 2. The switches to be configured as members of the Coupling Ring group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
 - 3. As the figure illustrated above, Coupling Ring only supports two X-ring groups.

2.9 Dual Homing Application

The Dual Homing function is to prevent the connection loss between the particular X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch. Assign one port, and only one, to be the Dual Homing port that is the backup port in each single X-Ring group. The Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function is active.



- Note The Ethernet switches with firmware version before v3.0 use the **X-Ring** function that has the limitations as follows. However, the ones with firmware version after v3.0 (included) use the **X-Ring Pro** function that gets rid of the limitations.
 - 1. In Dual Homing application architecture, the upper level switches need to enable their Rapid Spanning Tree protocol.
 - 2. The switches to be configured as members of the Dual Homing group cannot be the X-Ring Master device of their X-ring group.
 - 3. As the figure illustrated above, Dual Homing only supports two X-ring groups.

CHAPTER

Configuration

Sections include:

- RS-232 Console
- Commands Set
- Web Browser

Chapter 3 Configuration

The EKI-7659C can be configured via RS-232 Console or the web browser.

3.1 RS-232 Console

EKI-7659C's RS-232 console is designed for rapidly configuring which provides the console management – CLI command.

Attach the supplied cable, which one end is RJ-45 and the other end is female DB9, to connect EKI-7659C and your host PC or terminal. The connected PC or terminal must support the terminal emulation program.

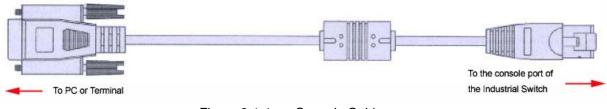


Figure 3.1-1 Console Cable

From the Windows desktop, click:

Start/Programs/Accessories/Communications/HyperTerminal to open the Hyper Terminal program.

→ Documents → Search → Help	Places Utility		
Recycle Bin Coll Terminal Tool Image: Communication		🔚 Accessories	Accessibility
Tool Internet Connection Wizard Internet Extron Internet System Tools Internet PC Magazine Benchmarks P PC Magazine Benchmarks System Tools P PC Magazine Benchmarks System Tools P PC Magazine Benchmarks Software Utilities Startup Imaging Startup Imaging Startup Imaging Windows Media Point Windows Media Point Windows Media Point Windows Media Windows Explorer Startup Imaging Windows Media Windows Explorer Startup Imaging Windows Media Windows Explorer Windows Media Windows Explorer Windows Media Windows Explorer Windows Lipdate Internet Explorer Outlook Express Software Utilities Search WinRAR Search WinRAR			🔸 🔚 Communications 🔸 👒 HyperTerminal
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Udity Image: Sinch ronize image: Sinch ronize<			🕨 🕘 Notepad
Image: Synchronize Fig2.1.bmp COMPort Mapping Utility Image: Synchronize	Utility		🕨 🍟 Paint
Fig2.1.bmp COMPort Mapping Utility DiskSpeed32 Internet Explorer Outlook Express Outlook Express Cisco Aironet Advantech eAutomation Advantech eAutomation MinAR Documents Settings Settings Neip Settings Settings Settings	Mr 👯	🕀 wlan	• 🧐 Synchronize
Mapping Utility Mapping Utility Internet Explorer Outlook Express Outlook Express Set Program Access and Defaults Programs WinRAR Documents Settings Search Help Run Sub Down			Windows Explorer
Windows Update Windows Update Set Program Access and Defaults Advantech eAutomation Advantech eAutomation Advantech eAutomation MinRAR Documents Settings Settings Search Help Run Sub Down		DiskSpeed32	🕑 WordPad
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Set Program Access and Defaults Programs WinRAR Documents Settings Search Search Help Run Stut Down		🕼 Outlook Express	
Advantech eAutomation Programs WinRAR Documents Settings Search Help Run Stut Down		📻 Cisco Aironet	•
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Shut Down	🧭 Help		
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		hore Dalet	

Figure 3.1-2 Launching Hyper Terminal

Select the appropriate COM port, and set the parameter as the figure shown below (9600 for Baud Rate, 8 for Data Bits, None for Parity, 1 for Stop Bits, and None for Flow Control).

)M6 Pro	perties	?
Port Sett	ings	
	Bits per second: 9600	
	Data bits: 8	
E	Parity: None 💌]
E	Stop bits: 1	
	Flow control: None	
	Restore Defau	lts
	OK Cancel A	pply
Fi	igure 3.1-3 COM Port Properties Settin	g

Press **Enter** for login screen (If you can not find the login screen, press **Enter** one more time). The default user name and password are both "**admin**". Key-in the user name and password to enter the command line interface.

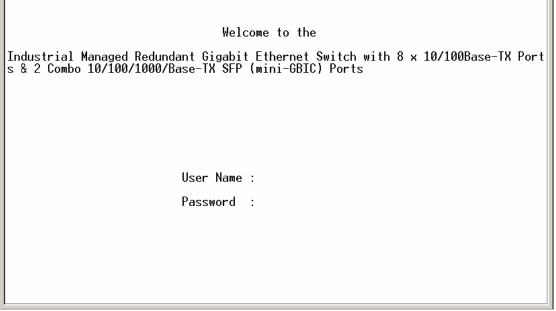


Figure 3.1-4 Login Screen: RS-232 Configuration

After you have logged in to the system, you will see a command prompt. To enter CLI management interface, type in "**enable**" command.

switch>enable switch#_



3.2 Commands Set

The following table lists the CLI commands and description.

3.2.1 Commands Level

Table 3.1: Command Level				
Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Exit Method	About This Model
User EXEC	Begin a session with your switch.	switch>	Enter logout or quit .	The user commands available at the user level are a subset of those available at the privileged level. Use this mode to • Perform basic tests. • Display system information.
Privileged EXEC	Enter the enable command while in user EXEC mode.	switch#	Enter disable to exit.	The privileged commands are the advanced mode. Use this mode to • Display advanced function status • Save configuration
Global Configuration	Enter the configure command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(config)#	To exit to the Privileged EXEC mode, enter exit or end	Use this mode to configure the parameters to be applied to your switch
VLAN database	Enter the vlan database command while in privileged EXEC mode.	switch(vlan)#	To return to the User EXEC mode, enter exit.	Use this mode to configure VLAN-specific parameters.
Interface configuration	Enter the interface command with a specific interface while in the Global Configuration mode	switch(config-if)#	To return to the previous mode, enter exit or end.	Use this mode to configure the parameters for the switch and Ethernet ports.

3.2.2 Commands Set List

Table 3.2: Commands Set List				
Command	Code Word			
User EXEC	E			
Privileged EXEC	Р			
Global configuration	G			
VLAN database	v			
Interface configuration	I			

3.2.3 System Commands Set

Table 3.3: System Commands Set

Table 3.3: System Commands	s Set		
Commands	Level	Description	Example
show config	E	Show switch configuration	switch>show config
show terminal	Ρ	Show console information	switch#show terminal
write memory	Р	Save user configuration into permanent memory (flash rom)	switch#write memory
system name		Configure system name	switch(config)#system name xxx
[System Name]	G		
system location [System Location]	G	Set switch system location string	switch(config)#system location xxx
system description [System Description]	G	Set switch system description string	switch(config)#system description xxx
system contact	G	Set switch system contact window	switch(config)#system contact xxx
[System Contact]	_	string	and take all and another to fa
show system-info	E	Show system information	switch>show system-info
i <mark>p address</mark> [Ip-address] [Subnet-mask] [Gateway]	G	Configure the IP address of switch	switch(config)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.254
ip dhcp	G	Enable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)# ip dhcp
show ip	Р	Show IP information of switch	switch#show ip
no ip dhcp	G	Disable DHCP client function of switch	switch(config)#no ip dhcp
reload	G	Halt and perform a cold restart	switch(config)# reload
default	G	Restore to default	switch(config)#default
admin username		Changes a login username.	switch(config)#default switch(config)#admin username xxxxxx
[Username]	G	(maximum 10 words)	
admin password [Password]	G	Specifies a password (maximum 10 words)	switch(config)#admin password xxxxxx
show admin	Р	Show administrator information	switch#show admin
dhcpserver enable	G	Enable DHCP Server	switch(config)#dhcpserver enable
Dhcpserver disable	G	Disable DHCP Server	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
dhcpserver lowip [Low IP]	G	Configure low IP address for IP pool	switch(config)#dhcpserver lowip 192.168.1.100
dhcpserver highip [High IP]	G	Configure high IP address for IP pool	switch(config)#dhcpserver highip 192.168.1.200
dhcpserver subnetmask [Subnet mask]	G	Configure subnet mask for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver subnetmask 255.255.255.0
dhcpserver gateway [Gateway]	G	Configure gateway for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver gateway 192.168.1.254
dhcpserver dnsip [DNS IP]	G	Configure DNS IP for DHCP clients	switch(config)#dhcpserver dnsip 192.168.1.1
dhcpserver leasetime [Hours]	G	Configure lease time (in hour)	switch(config)#dhcpserver leasetime 1
dhcpserver ipbinding [IP address]	1	Set static IP for DHCP clients by port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#dhcpserver ipbinding 192.168.1.1
show dhcpserver configuration	Р	Show configuration of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver configuration
show dhcpserver clients	Р	Show client entries of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver clients
show dhcpserver ip-binding	Р	Show IP-Binding information of DHCP server	switch#show dhcpserver ip-binding
no dhcpserver	G	Disable DHCP server function	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
security enable	G	Enable IP security function	switch(config)#security enable
security http	G	Enable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)#security http
security telnet	G	Enable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)# security telnet
security ip [Index(110)] [IP Address]	G	Set the IP security list	switch(config)#security ip 1 192.168.1.55

show security	Ρ	Show the information of IP security	switch#show security
no security	G	Disable IP security function	switch(config)# no security
no security http	G	Disable IP security of HTTP server	switch(config)# no security http
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security of telnet server	switch(config)#no security telnet

3.2.4 Port Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Evenue
	Levei		Example
nterface fastEthernet Portid]	G	Choose the port for modification.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
luplex full half]	I	Use the duplex configuration command to specify the duplex mode of operation for Fast Ethernet.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#duplex full
s peed 10 100 1000 auto]	I	Use the speed configuration command to specify the speed mode of operation for Fast Ethernet., the speed can't be set to 1000 if the port isn't a giga port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#speed 100
no flowcontrol	I	Disable flow control of interface	switch(config-if)# no flowcontrol
security enable	I	Enable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#security enable
no security	I	Disable security of interface	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no security
pandwidth type all	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept all frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type all
oandwidth type broadcast-multicast- looded-unicast	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast, multicast, and flooded unicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast- multicast-flooded-unicast
pandwidth type broadcast-multicast	Т	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "accept broadcast and multicast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast- multicast
oandwidth type broadcast-only	I	Set interface ingress limit frame type to "only accept broadcast frame"	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type broadcast-only
pandwidth in Value]	I	Set interface input bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100
pandwidth out Value]		Set interface output bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth out 100
show bandwidth	I.	Show interfaces bandwidth control	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show bandwidth
state Enable Disable]	I	Use the state interface configuration command to specify the state mode of operation for Ethernet ports. Use the disable	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#state Disable

		form of this command to disable the port.	
show interface configuration	I		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface configuration
show interface status	1		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status
show interface accounting	I.		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface accounting
no accounting			switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no accounting

3.2.5 Trunk Commands Set

Table 3.5: Trunk Commands Set			
Commands	Level	Description	Example
aggregator priority [1~65535]	G	Set port group system priority	switch(config)#aggregator priority 22
aggregator activityport [Group ID] [Port Numbers]	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator activityport 2
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] lacp workp [Workport]	G	Assign a trunk group with LACP active. [GroupID] :1~3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6) [Workport]: The amount of work ports, this value could not be less than zero or be large than the amount of member ports.	switch(config)#aggregator group 1 1-4 lacp workp 2 or switch(config)#aggregator group 2 1,4,3 lacp workp 3
aggregator group [GroupID] [Port-list] nolacp	G	Assign a static trunk group. [GroupID] :1~3 [Port-list]:Member port list, This parameter could be a port range(ex.1-4) or a port list separate by a comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	switch(config) #aggregator group 1 2-4 nolacp or switch(config) #aggregator group 1 3,1,2 nolacp
show aggregator	Р	Show the information of trunk group	switch#show aggregator 1 or switch#show aggregator 2 or switch#show aggregator 3
no aggregator lacp [GroupID]	G	Disable the LACP function of trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator lacp 1
no aggregator group [GroupID]	G	Remove a trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator group 2

3.2.6 VLAN Commands Set

Table 3.6: VLAN Commands Set					
Commands	Level	Description	Example		
vlan database	Ρ	Enter VLAN configure mode	switch#vlan database		
Vlanmode	V	To set switch VLAN mode.	switch(vlan)#vlanmode portbase		

[a anthe a all 000 day loan una]			
[portbase 802.1q gvrp]			or switch(vlan)# vlanmode 802.1q
			or
			switch(vlan)#vlanmode gvrp
no vlan	V	No VLAN	Switch(vlan)#no vlan
		·	· · · ·
Ported based VLAN configuration	1		
vlan port-based grpname		Add new port based VALN	switch(vlan)#vlan port-based grpname test grpid
[Group Name]			2 port 2-4
grpid	v		or
[GroupID]			switch(vlan)#vlan port-based grpname test grpid
port [DortNumboro]			2 port 2,3,4
[PortNumbers] show vlan [GroupID]		Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)# show vlan 23
or			Switch(Mar)#Silow Vian 25
show vlan	V		
no vlan group	v	Delete port base group ID	switch(vlan)# no vlan group 2
[GroupID]	•		
IEEE 802.1Q VLAN			
- 1 0001			
vlan 8021q name [GroupName]		Change the name of VLAN group, if the group didn't exist, this command	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q name test vid 22
vid	V	can't be applied.	
[VID]		can t be applied.	
vlan 8021q port		Assign a access link for VLAN by	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021g port 3 access-link untag
[PortNumber]		port, if the port belong to a trunk	33
access-link untag	V	group, this command can't be	
[UntaggedVID]		applied.	
vlan 8021q port		Assign a trunk link for VLAN by port,	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag
[PortNumber]	V	if the port belong to a trunk group,	2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag [TaggedVID List]		this command can't be applied.	or switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q port		Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link tag 3-20
[PortNumber]		port, if the port belong to a trunk	tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag	v	group, this command can't be	or
[UntaggedVID]	v	applied.	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3 hybrid-link untag 5
tag			tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]		And the second link for MLAND	
vlan 8021q trunk [PortNumber]		Assign a access link for VLAN by trunk group	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 access-link untag 33
access-link untag	V	truik group	33
[UntaggedVID]			
vlan 8021q trunk		Assign a trunk link for VLAN by trunk	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 trunk-link tag
[PortNumber]		group	2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag	V		or
[TaggedVID List]			switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 trunk-link tag 3-
vlan 8021q trunk		Assign a hybrid link for VLAN by	20 switch(vlan)#vlan 8021g trunk 3 hybrid-link untag
[PortNumber]		trunk group	4 tag 3,6.8
hybrid-link untag		a and group	or
[UntaggedVID]	V		switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q trunk 3 hybrid-link untag
tag			5 tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]			
show vlan [GroupID]		Show VLAN information	switch(vlan)# show vlan 23
or show vlan	V		
no vlan group	v	Delete port base group ID	switch(vlan)#no vlan group 2
[GroupID]	v		

3.2.7 Spanning Tree Commands Set

Table 3.7: Spanning Tree Commands Set					
Commands Level Description Example					
spanning-tree enable	G	Enable spanning tree	switch(config)# spanning-tree enable		

spanning-tree priority [0~61440]	G	Configure spanning tree priority parameter	switch(config)#spanning-tree priority 32767
spanning-tree max-age [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree max-age global configuration command to change the interval between messages the spanning tree receives from the root switch. If a switch does not receive a bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) message from the root switch within this interval, it recomputed the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) topology.	switch(config)# spanning-tree max-age 15
spanning-tree hello-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree hello-time global configuration command to specify the interval between hello bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).	switch(config)# spanning-tree hello-time 3
spanning-tree forward-time [seconds]	G	Use the spanning-tree forward- time global configuration command to set the forwarding-time for the specified spanning-tree instances. The forwarding time determines how long each of the listening and learning states last before the port begins forwarding.	switch(config)# spanning-tree forward-time 20
stp-path-cost [1~20000000]	I	Use the spanning-tree cost interface configuration command to set the path cost for Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) calculations. In the event of a loop, spanning tree considers the path cost when selecting an interface to place into the forwarding state.	switch(config)# interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)# stp-path-cost 20
stp-path-priority [Port Priority]	I	Use the spanning-tree port-priority interface configuration command to configure a port priority that is used when two switches tie for position as the root switch.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-path-priority 128
stp-admin-p2p [Auto True False]	I	Admin P2P of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#stp-admin-p2p Auto
stp-admin-edge [True False]	T	Admin Edge of STP priority on this interface.	switch(config-if)#stp-admin-p2p Adto switch(config-if)#stp-admin-edge True
stp-admin-non-stp	1	Admin NonSTP of STP priority on	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
[True False] show spanning-tree	E	this interface. Displays a summary of the spanning-tree states.	<pre>switch(config-if)#stp-admin-non-stp False switch>show spanning-tree</pre>
no spanning-tree	G	Disable spanning-tree.	switch(config)#no spanning-tree

3.2.8 QOS Commands Set

Table 3.8: QOS Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
qos policy [weighted-fair strict]	G	Select QOS policy scheduling	switch(config)#qos policy weighted-fair	
qos prioritytype [port-based cos-only tos-only cos- first tos-first]	G	Setting of QOS priority type	switch(config)#qos prioritytype	
qos priority portbased [Port] [lowest low middle high]	G	Configure Port-based Priority	switch(config)#qos priority portbased 1 low	
qos priority cos [Priority][lowest low middle high]	G	Configure COS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority cos 0 middle	
<pre>qos priority tos [Priority][lowest low middle high]</pre>	G	Configure TOS Priority	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3 high	

show qos	D	Displays the information of QoS configuration	Switch# show qos
no qos	G	Disable QoS function	switch(config) #no qos

3.2.9 IGMP Commands Set

Table 3.9: QOS Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#igmp enable	
Igmp-query auto	G	Set IGMP query to auto mode	switch(config)#Igmp-query auto	
Igmp-query force	G	Set IGMP query to force mode	switch(config)#Igmp-query force	
show igmp configuration	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP configuration.	switch#show igmp configuration	
show igmp multi	Р	Displays the details of an IGMP snooping entries.	switch#show igmp multi	
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP snooping function	switch(config)#no igmp	
no igmp-query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch# no igmp-query	

3.2.10 Mac/Filter Table Commands Set

Table 3.10: Mac/Filter Table Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	I.	Configure MAC address table of interface (static).	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678	
mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Configure MAC address table(filter)	switch(config)#mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678	
show mac-address-table	Р	Show all MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table	
show mac-address-table static	Р	Show static MAC address table	switch#show mac-address-table static	
show mac-address-table filter	Р	Show filter MAC address table.	switch#show mac-address-table filter	
no mac-address-table static hwaddr [MAC]	T	Remove an entry of MAC address table of interface (static)	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no mac-address-table static hwaddr 000012345678	
no mac-address-table filter hwaddr [MAC]	G	Remove an entry of MAC address table (filter)	switch(config)#no mac-address-table filter hwaddr 000012348678	
no mac-address-table	G	Remove dynamic entry of MAC address table	switch(config)#no mac-address-table	

3.2.11 SNMP Commands Set

Table 3.11: SNMP Commands Set					
Commands	Level	Description	Example		
snmp system-name [System Name]	G	Set SNMP agent system name	switch(config)#snmp system-name l2switch		

and the state of t			
snmp system-location	G	Set SNMP agent system location	switch(config)#snmp system-location lab
[System Location] snmp system-contact		Set SNMP agent system contact	switch(config)#snmp system-contact where
[System Contact]	G	agent system contact	Switch(coning)#Simp System-contact where
snmp agent-mode		Select the agent mode of SNMP	switch(config)#snmp agent-mode v1v2cv3
[v1v2c v3 v1v2cv3]	G	colocitie agent mode of orall	sinten comg/rommp agent-mode vivzevo
snmp community-strings [Community]		Add SNMP community string.	switch(config)#snmp community-strings public
right	G	· ···· · · ···· · · ··················	right rw
[RO/RW]			5
snmp-server host		Configure SNMP server host	switch(config)#snmp-server host 192.168.1.50
[IP address]		information and community string	community public trap-version v1
community	G		(remove)
[Community-string]	Ŭ		Switch(config)#
trap-version			no snmp-server host
[v1 v2c]		O a former that a state to a second	192.168.1.50
snmpv3 context-name [Context Name]	G	Configure the context name	switch(config)#snmpv3 context-name Test
snmpv3 user		Configure the userprofile for	switch(config)#snmpv3 user test01 group G1
[User Name]		SNMPV3 agent. Privacy password	password AuthPW PrivPW
group		could be empty.	
[Group Name]	G		
password			
[Authentication Password] [Privacy			
Password]			
snmpv3 access context-name		Configure the access table of	switch(config)#snmpv3 access context-name Test
[Context Name]		SNMPV3 agent	group G1 security-level AuthPriv
group			match-rule Exact views V1 V1 V1
[Group Name]			
security-level [NoAuthNoPriv AuthNoPriv AuthPriv]	G		
match-rule	9		
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write View Name]			
[Notify View Name]			
snmpv3 mibview view		Configure the mibview table of	switch(config)#snmpv3 mibview view V1 type
[View Name]		SNMPV3 agent	Excluded sub-oid 1.3.6.1
type	G		
[Excluded Included] sub-oid			
show snmp	Р	Show SNMP configuration	switch#show snmp
no snmp community-strings		Remove the specified community.	switch(config)#no snmp community-strings public
[Community]	G		
no snmp-server host	G	Remove the SNMP server host.	switch(config)#no snmp-server 192.168.1.50
[Host-address]	•		
no snmpv3 user	G		switch(config)#no snmpv3 user Test
[User Name]	-	agent.	an ital (a an fi a) tha a summer of
no snmpv3 access context-name			switch(config)#no snmpv3 access context-name
[Context Name] group		SNMPv3 agent.	Test group G1 security-level AuthPr iv match-rule Exact views V1 V1 V1
[Group Name]			IN HIGLON-I UIC EAGE VIEWS VI VI VI
security-level			
[NoAuthNoPriv]AuthNoPriv]AuthPriv]	G		
match-rule			
[Exact Prifix]			
views			
[Read View Name] [Write View Name]			
[Notify View Name]			
no snmpv3 mibview view			switch(config)#no snmpv3 mibview view V1 type
[View Name]		SNMPV3 agent.	Excluded sub-oid 1.3.6.1
type [Excluded]	G		
[Excluded Included] sub-oid			
[OID]			
			l

3.2.12 Port Mirroring Commands Set

Table 3.12: Port Mirroring Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)#monitor rx
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination port of monitor function	switch(config)# monitor tx
show monitor	Р	Show port monitor information	switch#show monitor
monitor [RX TX Both]	I	Configure source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	I	Show port monitor information	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show monitor
no monitor	1	Disable source port of monitor function	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no monitor

3.2.13 802.1x Commands Set

Table 3.13: 802.1x Commands Set			
Commands	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x global configuration command to enable 802.1x protocols.	switch(config)# 8021x enable
8021x system radiousip [IP address]	G	Use the 802.1x system radious IP global configuration command to change the radious server IP.	switch(config)# 8021x system radiousip 192.168.1.1
8021x system serverport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system server port global configuration command to change the radious server port	switch(config)# 8021x system serverport 1815
8021x system accountport [port ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system account port global configuration command to change the accounting port	switch(config)# 8021x system accountport 1816
8021x system sharekey [ID]	G	Use the 802.1x system share key global configuration command to change the shared key value.	switch(config)# 8021x system sharekey 123456
8021x system nasid [words]	G	Use the 802.1x system nasid global configuration command to change the NAS ID	switch(config)# 8021x system nasid test1
8021x misc quietperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc quiet period global configuration command to specify the quiet period value of the switch.	switch(config)# 8021x misc quietperiod 10
8021x misc txperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc TX period global configuration command to set the TX period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc txperiod 5
8021x misc supportimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc supp timeout global configuration command to set the supplicant timeout.	switch(config)# 8021x misc supportimeout 20
8021x misc servertimeout [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc server timeout global configuration command to set the server timeout.	switch(config)#8021x misc servertimeout 20
8021x misc maxrequest [number]	G	Use the 802.1x misc max request global configuration command to set the MAX requests.	switch(config)# 8021x misc maxrequest 3
8021x misc reauthperiod [sec.]	G	Use the 802.1x misc reauth period global configuration command to set the reauth period.	switch(config)# 8021x misc reauthperiod 3000
8021x portstate [disable reject accept authorize]	I	Use the 802.1x port state interface configuration command to set the state of the selected port.	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#8021x portstate accept
show 8021x	Е	Displays a summary of the 802.1x properties and also the port sates.	switch> show 8021x

G

switch(config)#no 8021x

3.2.14 TFTP Commands Set

Table 3.14: TFTP Commands Set Commands Level Description **Defaults Example** backup flash:backup_cfg Save configuration to TFTP and need switch(config)#backup flash:backup_cfg to specify the IP of TFTP server and G the file name of image. Get configuration from TFTP server switch(config)#restore flash:restore_cfg restore flash:restore_cfg and need to specify the IP of TFTP G server and the file name of image. upgrade flash:upgrade_fw Upgrade firmware by TFTP and need switch(config)#upgrade lash:upgrade_fw to specify the IP of TFTP server and G the file name of image.

3.2.15 SystemLog, SMTP and Event

Commands	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip [IP address]	G	Set System log server IP address.	switch(config)# systemlog ip 192.168.1.100
systemlog mode [client server both]	G	Specified the log mode	switch(config)# systemlog mode both
show systemlog	E	Displays system log.	Switch>show systemlog
show systemlog	Р	Show system log client & server information	switch# show systemlog
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog functon	switch(config)#no systemlog
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP function	switch(config)#smtp enable
smtp serverip [IP address]	G	Configure SMTP server IP	switch(config)#smtp serverip 192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP authentication	switch(config)#smtp authentication
smtp account [account]	G	Configure authentication account	switch(config)#smtp account User
smtp password [password]	G	Configure authentication password	switch(config)#smtp password
smtp rcptemail [Index] [Email address]	G	Configure Rcpt e-mail Address	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail 1 Alert@test.com
show smtp	Р	Show the information of SMTP	switch#show smtp
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP function	switch(config)#no smtp
event device-cold-start [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set cold start event type	switch(config)#event device-cold-start both
event authentication-failure [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#event authentication-failure both
event X-ring-topology-change [Systemlog SMTP Both]	G	Set X - ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#event X-ring-topology-change both
event systemlog [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I.	Set port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event systemlog both
event smtp [Link-UP Link-Down Both]	I	Set port event for SMTP	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#event smtp both
show event	Р	Show event selection	switch#show event
no event device-cold-start	G	Disable cold start event type	switch(config)#no event device-cold-start
no event authentication-failure	G	Disable Authentication failure event type	switch(config)#no event authentication-failure
no event X-ring-topology-change	G	Disable X - ring topology changed event type	switch(config)#no event X-ring-topology-change
no event systemlog		Disable port event for system log	switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3

			switch(config-if)#no event systemlog
no event smpt	I		switch(config)#interface fastethernet 3 switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Ρ	Show system log client & server information	switch#show systemlog

3.2.16 SNTP Commands Set

Commands	Level	Description	Example
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)#sntp enable
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight
sntp daylight-period [Start time] [End time]	G	Set period of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied. Parameter format: [vvvvmmdd-hh:mm]	switch(config)# sntp daylight-period 20060101- 01:01 20060202-01-01
sntp daylight-offset [Minute]	G	Set offset of daylight saving time, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp daylight-offset 3
sntp ip P]	G	Set SNTP server IP, if SNTP function is inactive, this command can't be applied.	switch(config)#sntp ip 192.169.1.1
sntp timezone Timezone]	G	Set timezone index, use "show sntp timzezone" command to get more information of index number	switch(config)#sntp timezone 22
sntp sync-interval ISEC.]	G	Set synchronization interval	switch(config)#sntp sync-interval 0
show sntp	Р	Show SNTP information	switch#show sntp
show sntp timezone	Р	Show index number of time zone list	switch#show sntp timezone
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP function	switch(config)#no sntp
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight saving time	switch(config)#no sntp daylight

3.2.17 X-ring Commands Set

Table 3.17: X-ring Commands Set				
Commands	Level	Description	Example	
ring enable	G	Enable X-ring	switch(config)#ring enable	
ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)#ring master	
ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)#ring couplering	
ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)#ring dualhoming	
ring ringport [1st Ring Port] [2nd Ring Port]	G	Configure 1st/2nd Ring Port	switch(config)#ring ringport 7 8	
ring couplingport [Coupling Port]	G	Configure Coupling Port	switch(config)#ring couplingport 1	
ring controlport [Control Port]	G	Configure Control Port	switch(config)#ring controlport 2	
ring homingport [Dual Homing Port]	G	Configure Dual Homing Port	switch(config)#ring homingport 3	
show ring	Р	Show the information of X - Ring	switch#show ring	
no ring	G	Disable X-ring	switch(config)#no ring	

no ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no ring master
no ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no ring couplering
no ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual homing	switch(config)# no ring dualhoming

3.3 Web Browser

EKI-7659C provides a convenient configuring way via web browser. You can follow the steps below to access EKI-7659C.

EKI-7659C's default IP is 192.168.1.1. Make sure your host PC and EKI-7659 are on the same logical sub-network.

Warning Your host PC should be in the same VLAN setting with EKI-7659C, or the management will not be configured.

Connect EKI-7659C to the Ethernet then your host PC could be configured via Ethernet. Or you can directly connect EKI-7659C to your host PC with a straight-through or cross over Ethernet cable.

Before to use web management, install the industrial switch on the network and make sure that any one of PCs on the network can connect with the industrial switch through the web browser. The industrial switch default value of IP, subnet mask, username and password are as below:

IP Address: 192.168.1.1 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway: 192.168.1.254 User Name: admin Password: admin

Open Internet Explorer and type EKI-7659C's IP in the Address field then press Enter to open the web login page.

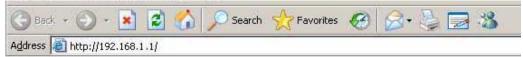


Figure 3.3-1 Type the address in the URL

Connect to 192.	68.1.1	? ×
R		
index.htm		
<u>U</u> ser name:	🖸 admin	<u> </u>
Password:		
	Remember my pass OK	word Cancel

Figure 3.3-2 Web Login Window

The default user name and password are both **admin**, fill in the user name and password then press **OK** to enter the configuration. You can change the password in the system setting.

In the main page, you can find the tree menu structure of the EKI-7659C in the left side. Click the "+" symbol to unroll the hiding hyperlink, and click the hyperlink to open the function page you want to configure.

ADVANTECH Industrial Switch Open all Industrial Switch System Port Portocol Excorptocol System Reboot Welcome to the Exkl-7659C Industrial Managed Redundant Gigabit Ethernet Switch with 8 x 10/100Base-TX Ports & 2 Combo 10/100/1000/Base-TX SFP (mini-GBIC) Ports Copyright © 2010 Advantech Co., Ltd., all rights reserved.

Figure 3.3-3 Main page

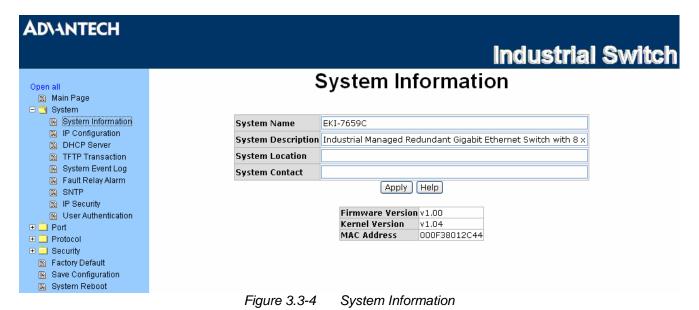
3.3.1 System

System Information

Here you can view the system information and assign the system name and location to make this switch more easily to be identified on your network.

System Name: Assign the name of the switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
System Description: Displays the description of switch. Read only cannot be modified.
System Location: Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes.
System Contact: Enter the name of contact person or organization.
Firmware Version: Displays the switch's firmware version.
Kernel Version: Displays the kernel software version.
MAC Address: Displays the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default).

Warning Don't set "0" for the first segment of the subnet mask and default gateway (000.xxx.xxx.xxx). Refresh the web screen if the web could not be displayed while you change the setting.



IP Configuration

This interface allows users to configure the switch to receive an IP address from DHCP server or manually fill in **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, **Gateway**, IP addresses of the primary and the secondary DNS servers.

- **DHCP Client**: Enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabled, the industrial switch will be assigned an IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replaced by the assigned IP address on DHCP server. After users click **Apply**, a popup dialog shows up. It is to inform the user that when the DHCP client is enabled, the current IP will lose and user should find the new IP on the DHCP server.
- **IP Address**: Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client function is enabled, and then the user doesn't need to assign the IP address. And, the network DHCP server will assign the IP address displaying in this column for the industrial switch. The default IP is 192.168.1.1.
- **Subnet Mask**: Assign the subnet mask to the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabled, and then the user does not need to assign the subnet mask.
- Gateway: Assign the network gateway for the industrial switch. The default gateway is 192.168.1.254.
- **DNS1**: The abbreviation of Domain Name Server—an Internet service that translate domain name into IP addresses. Domain name are alphabetic which are easy to be remembered. Because the Internet is based on IP address; every time you use a domain name, therefore, a DNS service must translate the name into the corresponding IP address. For example, the domain name **www.net.com** might translate to 192.168.1.1
- DNS2: The backup for DNS1. When DNS1 cannot function, DNS2 will then replace DNS1 immediately.
- And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH		
		Industrial Switch
Open all	IP Co	onfiguration
📓 Main Page		0
🖃 🔄 System		
🖹 System Information	DHCP	P Client : Disable 💌
IP Configuration		
DHCP Server	IP Addre	ress 192.168.1.1
TFTP Transaction	Subnet M	Mask 255.255.255.0
🚊 System Event Log		
🚊 🛛 Fault Relay Alarm	Gatewa	192.168.1.254
🖹 SNTP	DNS1	1 0.0.0.0
📓 IP Security	DNS2	2 0.0.0.0
🚊 User Authentication	DN32	z 0.0.0.0
🗉 🛄 Port	r -	Apply Help
E 📄 Protocol	e	Apply Help
🗉 🚞 Security		
🖾 Eastan: Dafault	Figure 3.3-5 IP Co	onfiguration
	rigule 3.3-5 IF CO	niiguiauon

DHCP Server – System configuration

DHCP is the abbreviation of Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol that is a protocol for assigning dynamic IP addresses to devices on a network. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different IP address every time it connects to the network. In some systems, the device's IP address can even change while it is still connected. DHCP also supports a mix of static and dynamic IP addresses. Dynamic addressing simplifies network administration because the software keeps track of IP addresses rather than requiring an administrator to manage the task. This means that a new computer can be added to a network without the hassle of manually assigning it a unique IP address.

The system provides the DHCP server function. Enable the DHCP server function, the switch system will be a DHCP server.

DHCP Server: Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable – the switch will be the DHCP server on your local network.

Low IP Address: the dynamic IP assign range. Low IP address is the beginning of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.100 will be the Low IP address.

High IP Address: the dynamic IP assign range. High IP address is the end of the dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is from 192.168.1.100 ~ 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.200 will be the High IP address.

Subnet Mask: the dynamic IP assign range subnet mask.

Gateway: the gateway in your network.

DNS: Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.

Lease Time (sec): It is the time period that system will reset the dynamic IP assignment to ensure the

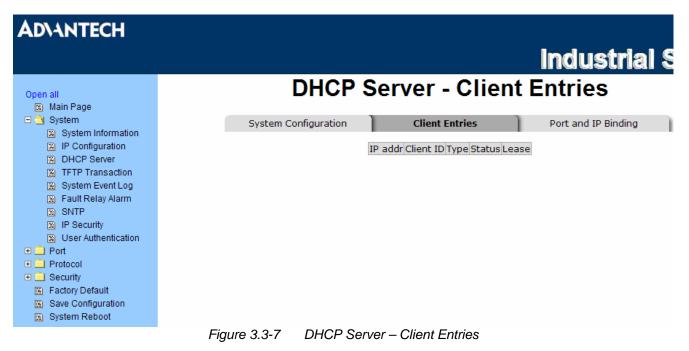
dynamic IP will not been occupied for a long time or the server doesn't know that the dynamic IP is idle. And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH				
				Industrial S
Open all	DHCP Serv	er - Sys	tem Co	nfiguration
🏽 Main Page				
🖻 🔁 System	System Configuration	Client E	ntries	Port and IP Binding
System Information				-
IP Configuration		DHCP Server	• Disable •	
DHCP Server		Differ Server		
TFTP Transaction		Low IP Address	192,168,16,100	
🖹 System Event Log	-			
🖺 Fault Relay Alarm		High IP Address	192.168.16.200	
SNTP		Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
IP Security		Gateway	192.168.16.254	
User Authentication Image: The second sec	-	· · · · ·		
		DNS	0.0.0.0	
Protocol Security		Lease Time (sec)	86400	
Factory Default	L			
 Factory Default Save Configuration 		Apply	Help	
System Reboot				

Figure 3.3-6 DHCP Server - System Configuration

DHCP Client – Client Entries

When the DHCP server function is active, the system will collect the DHCP client information and displays them here.



DHCP Server - Port and IP Bindings

You can assign a specific IP address, which is the IP in dynamic IP assign range, to the specific port. When a device is connecting to the port and asks for dynamic IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address to the connected device.

AD\ANTECH			
			industrial S
Open all	DHCP Ser	ver - Port and	
📓 Main Page			
E 🤙 System	System Configuration	Client Entries	Port and IP Binding
 System Information IP Configuration DHCP Server 		Port IP	
TFTP Transaction		Port.01 0.0.0.0	
System Event Log		Port.02 0.0.0.0	
🗎 Fault Relay Alarm		Port.03 0.0.0.0	
SNTP		Port.04 0.0.0.0	
IP Security User Authentication			
		Port.05 0.0.0.0	
🕀 🧰 Protocol		Port.06 0.0.0.0	
🕀 🚊 Security		Port.07 0.0.0.0	
Factory Default Save Configuration		Port.08 0.0.0.0	
Save Configuration System Reboot		Port.09 0.0.0.0	
		Port.10 0.0.0.0	
		Apply Help	
	Figure 3.3-8 DHCP Server	– Port and IP Binding	

TFTP - Update Firmware

Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is a very simple file transfer protocol, with the functionality of a very basic form of FTP. It provides the functions to allow the user to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

TFTP Server IP Address: fill in your TFTP server IP. **Firmware File Name:** the name of firmware image.

And then, click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial S
Open all Main Page	TFTP - Update Firmware
System System Information IP Configuration DHCP Server TFTP Transaction	Update Firmware Restore Configuration Backup Configuration TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.16.1 Firmware File Name image.bin
 System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security User Authentication 	Apply Help
	Figure 3.3-9 TFTP – Update Firmware

TFTP – Restore Configuration

You can restore Flash ROM value from TFTP server, but you must put the image file on TFTP server first, switch will download back flash image.

TFTP Server IP Address: fill in the TFTP server IP. **Restore File Name:** fill in the correct restore file name.

Click Apply

AD\ANTECH				industrial S
Open all Main Page	٦	FTP -	Restore Config	guration
 System System Information IP Configuration DHCP Server TFTP Transaction System Event Log Fault Relay Alarm SNTP IP Security User Authentication Port Protocol Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Update	Firmware	Restore Configuration	Backup Configuration
		TFTP Server If Restore File	Address 192.168.16.1 Name data.bin Apply Help	
	Figure 3.3-10	TFTP – Re	store Configuration	

TFTP - Backup Configuration

You can save current Flash ROM value from the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the Flash ROM value.

TFTP Server IP Address: fill in the TFTP server IP Backup File Name: fill the file name

Click Apply

AD\ANTECH	
	Industrial S
Open all Main Page	TFTP - Backup Configuration
System System	Update Firmware Restore Configuration Backup Configuration
 IP Configuration DHCP Server TFTP Transaction 	TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.16.1 Backup File Name data.bin
🖺 System Event Log 🖹 Fault Relay Alarm	Apply Help
 SNTP IP Security User Authentication 	
Port Protocol	
Security Factory Default Save Configuration	
System Reboot	

Figure 3.3-11 TFTP – Backup Configuration

System Event Log – Syslog Configuration

Configure the system event mode and system log server IP which you want to collect. **Syslog Client Mode:** select the system log mode – client only, server only, or both S/C. **System Log Server IP Address:** assign the system log server IP.

Click	Reload	to refresh the events log.

After configuring,	Click	Apply
--------------------	-------	-------

AD\ANTECH

		industriai S
	System Event Log - Syslo	a Configuration
Open all	Oystem Event Eog - Oyste	g conngulation
🚊 Main Page		
🗆 🔁 System	Syslog Configuration SMTP Configuration	Event Configuration
System Information		
IP Configuration	Syslog Client Mode Disable	
DHCP Server		Apply
TFTP Transaction	Syslog Server IP Address 0.0.0.0	
System Event Log	_	
📓 Fault Relay Alarm		
SNTP		
IP Security		
User Authentication		
🕀 🛄 Port		
Protocol		
🛨 🔜 Security		
Factory Default		
Save Configuration		
System Reboot		
	Page.1 🔻	
	Page.1	
	Reload Clear Help	
	Keidad Clear Heip	,

Figure 3.3-12 Syslog Configuration

System Event Log - SMTP Configuration

You can set up the mail server IP, mail account, account password, and forwarded email account for receiving the event alert.

Email Alert: enable or disable the email alert function.

- **SMTP Server IP:** set up the mail server IP address (when Email Alert enabled, this function will then be available).
- Sender: key in a complete email address, e.g. <u>switch101@123.com</u>, to identify where the event log comes from.
- Authentication: mark the check box to enable and configure the email account and password for authentication (when Email Alert enabled, this function will then be available).
- Mail Account: set up the email account, e.g. johnadmin@123.com, to receive the alert. It must be an existing email account on the mail server, which you had set up in SMTP Server IP Address column.

Inductrial (

Password: The email account password.

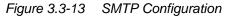
Confirm Password: reconfirm the password.

Rcpt e-mail Address 1 ~ 6: you can assign up to 6 e-mail accounts also to receive the alert.

Click Apply

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				แทสสล	u igu e
	System Event L	00	CMTD (` onfigu	ration
Open all	System Lvent L	vy -	SWIFC	Johngu	auon
🚊 Main Page					
🖃 🔁 System	Syslog Configuration	SMTP Co	nfiguration	Event Config	uration
System Information					
IP Configuration	F	-mail Alo	rt: Enable 💌		
DHCP Server	-	mun Alci			
TFTP Transaction	SMTP Server IP Addre	ss · 192	168 168 5		
🖺 System Event Log					
🖺 Fault Relay Alarm	Sender :	swite	ch101@123.com		
SNTP	Authentication				
IP Security	Mail Account :		liohnadmin		
User Authentication			jjorinadillin		
	Password :		••••		
Protocol	Confirm Password :		••••		
Security Factory Default	Rcpt e-mail Address 1		rvisor@123.com		
 Factory Default Save Configuration 	KCpt e-mail Address 1	: Isupe	ervisor@123.com		
 System Reboot 	Rcpt e-mail Address 2	:			
E Ofstenn Rebour	Rcpt e-mail Address 3	:			
	Rcpt e-mail Address 4	:			
	Rcpt e-mail Address 5	:			
	Rcpt e-mail Address 6	:			
		Apply	/ Help		



System Event Log - Event Configuration

You can select the 'Syslog' and 'SMTP' events for each port. When selected events occur, the system will send out the log information to the system log server. After configuring, Click Apply.

- **System event selection:** 4 selections Device cold start, Device warm start, SNMP Authentication Failure, and X-ring topology change. Mark the checkbox to select the event. When selected events occur, the system will issue the logs.
 - > Device cold start: when the device executes cold start action, the system will issue a log event.
 - > Device warm start: when the device executes warm start, the system will issue a log event.
 - > Authentication Failure: when the SNMP authentication fails, the system will issue a log event.
 - X-ring topology change: when the X-ring topology has changed, the system will issue a log event.

Port event selection: select the syslog and SMTP events for each port. It has 3 selections—Link Up, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event is selected.

- > Link UP: the system will issue a log message when port connection links up only.
- > Link Down: the system will issue a log message when port connection links down only.
- Link UP & Link Down: the system will issue a log message when port connection is up and down.

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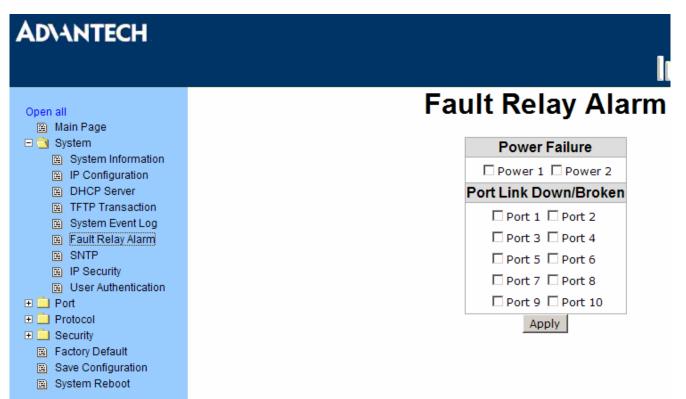
				lustria
Open all	System Eve	nt Log - Ev	/ent Conf	igurati
Main Page	-			-
System System Information	Syslog Configuration	SMTP Configura	tion Even	t Configuration
IP Configuration		System event se	ection	
DHCP Server TFTP Transaction		Event Type	Syslog	SMTP
System Event Log	Device cold start			Г
Fault Relay Alarm SNTP	Device warm start	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
■ SIVIF ■ IP Security	Authentication Fail	lure		
🚊 User Authentication	X-Ring topology ch	ange		Γ
∃ 📄 Port		···· 3 -		
+ Protocol				
		Port event sele	ection	
Security E Factory Default	Port	Syslog	SMTP	
Security E Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01 Dis	Syslog	SMTP Disable	
Security Factory Default	Port.01 Dis	Syslog	SMTP	7
 Security Factory Default Save Configuration 	Port.01 Dis	Syslog	SMTP Disable	
 Security Factory Default Save Configuration 	Port.01 Dis Port.02 Dis Port.03 Dis	Syslog able	SMTP Disable Disable	7
Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01DisPort.02DisPort.03DisPort.04Dis	Syslog	SMTP Disable Disable Disable	V
Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01DisPort.02DisPort.03DisPort.04DisPort.05Dis	Syslog able	SMTP Disable Disable Disable Disable	V V
Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01DisPort.02DisPort.03DisPort.04DisPort.05DisPort.06Dis	Syslog	SMTP Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable	Y
Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01DisPort.02DisPort.03DisPort.04DisPort.05DisPort.06DisPort.07Dis	Syslog Sable	SMTP Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable	Y Y Y Y
Save Configuration	Port.01DisPort.02DisPort.03DisPort.04DisPort.05DisPort.06DisPort.07DisPort.08Dis	Syslog able	SMTP Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable	

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Fault Relay Alarm

Power Failure: Mark the check box to enable the function of lighting up FAULT LED on the panel when power fails.

Port Link Down/Broken: Mark the check box to enable the function of lighting up FAULT LED on the panel when ports' states are link-down or broken.





SNTP Configuration

You can configure the SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings. The SNTP allows you to synchronize switch clocks on the Internet.

SNTP Client: enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server. **Daylight Saving Time:** enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabled, you need to configure the daylight saving time period.

UTC Timezone: set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for your reference.

Table 3.18: UTC Timezone								
Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC						
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11am						
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am						
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am						
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am						
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am						
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am						
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am						
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am						
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am						
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am						
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am						
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm						
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm						
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm						
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm						

ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm
IDLE - International Date Line NZST - New Zealand Standard NZT - New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight

SNTP Sever URL: Set the SNTP server IP address.

Switch Timer: Displays the current time of the switch.

Daylight Saving Period: set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving ending time.

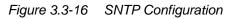
Both will be different in every year.

Daylight Saving Offset (mins): set up the offset time.

Synchronization Interval (secs): The Synchronization Interval is used for sending synchronizing packets periodically. Users can assign the time ranging from 64 to 1024 seconds. The "0" value displaying by default means that you disable the auto-synchronized feature in the SNTP client mode. You can enable the feature by filling the interval range from 64 ~ 1024 seconds.

Click Apply

ADVANTECH Industrial Switch SNTP Configuration Open all 🚊 Main Page 🖻 <u>)</u> System SNTP Client : Enable 💌 🚊 System Information IP Configuration Daylight Saving Time : Enable 💌 DHCP Server TFTP Transaction (GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 💌 UTC Timezone 🚊 System Event Log SNTP Server URL 0.0.0.0 🚊 🛛 Fault Relay Alarm Switch Timer SNTP 🚊 IP Security 20040101 00:0 20040101 00:0 Daylight Saving Period 🚊 User Authentication Daylight Saving Offset(mins) 0 🕀 🚞 Port 🕀 🚊 Protocol Synchronization Interval(secs) 0 🕀 📄 Security 🚊 Factory Default Apply Help 🚊 Save Configuration 🚊 System Reboot



IP Security

IP security function allows the user to assign 10 specific IP addresses that have permission to access the switch through the web browser for the securing switch management.

- **IP Security Mode:** when this option is in Enable mode, the Enable HTTP Server and Enable Telnet Server check boxes will then be available.
- **Enable HTTP Server:** when this check box is checked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to access via HTTP service.
- Enable Telnet Server: when checked, the IP addresses among Security IP1 ~ IP10 will be allowed to access via telnet service.
- Security IP 1 ~ 10: Assign up to 10 specific IP address. Only these 10 IP address can access and manage the switch through the Web browser

And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

D\ANTECH		
ipen all 🗃 Main Page	IP Se	ecurity
System System Information	IP Security I	Mode: Disable 💌
IP Configuration	Enable HTT	P Server
DHCP Server TFTP Transaction	Enable Teln	et Server
System Event Log		
🚊 Fault Relay Alarm	Security IP1	0.0.0
SNTP	Security IP2	0.0.0.0
P Security	Security IP3	0.0.0.0
User Authentication	Security IP4	0.0.0.0
Protocol	Security IP5	0.0.0.0
Security	Security IP6	0.0.0.0
Factory Default Save Configuration	Security IP7	0.0.0.0
System Reboot	Security IP8	0.0.0.0
		-
	Security IP9	0.0.0
	Security IP10	0.0.0

Figure 3.3-17 IP Security

Apply Help

Note

User Authentication

You can change login user name and password for the management security issue.

User name: Key in the new user name (The default is "admin") **Password:** Key in the new password (The default is "admin") **Confirm password:** Re-type the new password And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

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Open all	User Auth	entication
Main Page System	••	
System Information	User Name :	admin
IP Configuration	New Password :	••••
DHCP Server	Confirm Password :	••••
TFTP Transaction		,
🚊 System Event Log	Apply	Help
🚊 Fault Relay Alarm		
🚊 SNTP		
🚊 IP Security		
User Authentication		
🗉 🚊 Port		
🗉 📃 Protocol		
🗉 🚞 Security		
Factory Default		
Save Configuration		
🖺 System Reboot		



3.3.2 Port

Port setting includes Port Statistics, Port Control, Port Trunk, Port Mirroring, and Rate Limiting. User can use this interface to set the parameters and control the packet flow among the ports.

Port Statistics

The following information provides the current port statistic information.

Port: The port number.

Type: Displays the current speed of connection to the port.

Link: The status of linking—'Up' or 'Down'.

State: It's set by Port Control. When the state is disabled, the port will not transmit or receive any packet.

Tx Good Packet: The counts of transmitting good packets via this port.

Tx Bad Packet: The counts of transmitting bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes], oversize, CRC Align errors, fragments and jabbers packets) via this port.

Rx Good Packet: The counts of receiving good packets via this port.

Rx Bad Packet: The counts of receiving bad packets (including undersize [less than 64 bytes], oversize, CRC error, fragments and jabbers) via this port.

Tx Abort Packet: The aborted packet while transmitting.

Packet Collision: The counts of collision packet.

Packet Dropped: The counts of dropped packet.

Rx Bcast Packet: The counts of broadcast packet.

Rx Mcast Packet: The counts of multicast packet.

click Apply to apply the configuration.

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Dent	T	1.1.1.	Ch-h-	Tx Good	Tx Bad	Rx Good	Rx Bad	Tx Abort	Packet	Packet	RX Bcast	RX Mcast
Port	туре	LINK	State	Packet	Packet	Packet	Packet	Packet	Collision	Dropped	Packet	Packet
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.04	100TX	Up	Enable	685	0	54141	0	0	0	0	47369	4319
Port.05	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.07	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.08	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.09	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.10	1GTX/mGBIC	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.08 Port.09	Port.01 100TX Port.02 100TX Port.03 100TX Port.04 100TX Port.05 100TX Port.06 100TX Port.07 100TX Port.08 100TX Port.09 1GTX/mGBIC	Port.01 100TX Down Port.02 100TX Down Port.03 100TX Down Port.04 100TX Up Port.05 100TX Down Port.06 100TX Down Port.07 100TX Down Port.08 100TX Down Port.09 1GTX/mGBIC Down	Port Type Link State Port.01 100TX Down Enable Port.02 100TX Down Enable Port.03 100TX Down Enable Port.04 100TX Up Port.05 100TX Down Enable Port.06 100TX Down Enable Port.07 100TX Down Enable Port.08 100TX Down Enable Port.09 100TX Down Enable	PortTypeLinkStateTx Good PacketPort.01100TXDownEnable0Port.02100TXDownEnable0Port.03100TXDownEnable0Port.04100TXUpEnable685Port.05100TXDownEnable0Port.06100TXDownEnable0Port.07100TXDownEnable0Port.08100TXDownEnable0Port.091GTX/mGBICDownEnable0	PortTypeLinkStateTx Good PacketTx Bad PacketPort.01100TXDownEnable00Port.02100TXDownEnable00Port.03100TXDownEnable00Port.04100TXUpEnable00Port.05100TXDownEnable00Port.05100TXDownEnable00Port.06100TXDownEnable00Port.07100TXDownEnable00Port.08100TXDownEnable00Port.091GTX/mGBICDownEnable00	PortTypeLinkStateTx Good PacketTx Bad PacketRx Good PacketPort.01100TXDownEnable000Port.02100TXDownEnable000Port.03100TXDownEnable000Port.04100TXUpEnable000Port.05100TXDownEnable000Port.05100TXDownEnable000Port.06100TXDownEnable000Port.07100TXDownEnable000Port.08100TXDownEnable000Port.09IGTX/mGBICDownEnable000	PortTypeLinkStateTx Good PacketTx Bad PacketRx Good PacketRx Bad PacketPort.01100TXDownEnable0000Port.02100TXDownEnable0000Port.03100TXDownEnable0000Port.04100TXUpEnable0000Port.05100TXDownEnable0000Port.05100TXDownEnable0000Port.06100TXDownEnable0000Port.07100TXDownEnable0000Port.08100TXDownEnable0000Port.091GTX/mGBICDownEnable0000	PortIypeLinkStatePacketPacketPacketPacketPacketPacketPacketPacketPort.01100TXDownEnable00000Port.02100TXDownEnable00000Port.03100TXDownEnable00000Port.04100TXUpEnable68505414100Port.05100TXDownEnable00000Port.06100TXDownEnable00000Port.07100TXDownEnable00000Port.08100TXDownEnable00000Port.091GTX/mGBICDownEnable00000	PortTypeLinkStateTx Good PacketTx Bad PacketRx Good PacketRx Bad PacketTx Abort PacketPacket CollisionPort.01100TXDownEnable000000Port.02100TXDownEnable0000000Port.03100TXDownEnable0000000Port.04100TXUpEnable0000000Port.04100TXUpEnable6850541410000Port.05100TXDownEnable0000000Port.06100TXDownEnable0000000Port.07100TXDownEnable0000000Port.08100TXDownEnable0000000Port.091GTX/mGBICDownEnable0000000	PortTypeLinkStateTx Good PacketTx Bad PacketRx Good PacketRx Bad PacketTx Abort PacketPacket CollisionPacket DroppedPort.01100TXDownEnable0000000Port.02100TXDownEnable00000000Port.03100TXDownEnable00000000Port.04100TXUpEnable00000000Port.05100TXDownEnable00000000Port.06100TXDownEnable00000000Port.06100TXDownEnable00000000Port.07100TXDownEnable00000000Port.08100TXDownEnable00000000Port.091GTX/mGBICDownEnable00000000	Port Type Link State Tx Good Packet Tx Bad Packet Rx Good Packet Rx Bad Packet Tx Abort Packet Packet Collision Packet Dropped Packet Packet Port.01 100TX Down Enable 0

Clear Help

Port Statistics

Figure 3.3-19 Port Statistics

Port Control

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In Port Control, you can pull down the selection items to set the parameters of each port to control the transmitting/receiving packets.

Port: select the port that you want to configure.

State: current port status. The port can be set to disable or enable mode. If the port setting is disable then will not receive or transmit any packet.

Negotiation: set auto negotiation status of port.

Speed: set the port link speed.

Duplex: set full-duplex or half-duplex mode of the port.

Flow Control: set flow control function as Enable or Disable in Full Duplex mode. The default value is Enable.

Security: when its state is "On" that means this port accepts only one MAC address.

Click Apply to apply the configuration.

								In	dustri	al S
Open all Main Page System				_		Cont				
🗆 🔁 Port		Port	State	Ne	egotiati	on Speed D	uplex F	low Con	trol Security	
 Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring Port Mirroring 		Port.0 Port.0 Port.0 Port.0	Enable		uto 💌	100 🔽	Full 🔽	Enable 🛓	▼ Off ▼	
📓 Rate Limiting					Ap	ply Help				
Protocol										
Security Factory Default							Sneed	Dunley	Flow Control	
Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port	Group ID	Туре	Link	State	Negotiation	Speed Config	Duplex Actual	Flow Control Config Actual	Security
Security Factory Default		-	Туре 100TX		State Enable	-	Config	Actual	Flow Control Config Actual Enable N/A	Security
Security Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02	N/A		Down		Auto	-	N/A	comy Actuar	
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Security Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX	Down Down Down Up Down Down Down	Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable	Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto	Config 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful	N/A N/A N/A 100 Full N/A N/A	Enable N/A Enable N/A Enable N/A Enable ON Enable N/A Enable N/A	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF
Security Factory Default Save Configuration	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.06	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX 100TX	Down Down Down Up Down Down Down Down	Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable	Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto	Config 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful 100 Ful	N/A N/A N/A 100 Full N/A N/A N/A	Enable N/A Enable N/A Enable N/A Enable ON Enable N/A Enable N/A Enable N/A	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF

Port Trunk

The Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) provides a standardized means for exchanging information between Partner Systems on a link to allow their Link Aggregation Control instances to reach agreement on the identity of the Link Aggregation Group to which the link belongs, move the link to that Link Aggregation Group, and enable its transmission and reception functions in an orderly manner. Link aggregation lets you group up to 4 ports into one dedicated connections. This feature can expand bandwidth to a device on the network. LACP operation requires full-duplex mode; for more detail information please refers to IEEE 802.3ad.

Aggregator setting

- **System Priority:** a value used to identify the active LACP. The switch with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the active LACP.
- **Group ID:** There are four trunk groups to provide configure. Choose the "Group ID" and click Select
- **LACP:** If enable, the group is LACP dynamic trunk group. If disable, the group is static trunk group. All ports support LACP dynamic trunk group. If connecting to the device that also supports LACP, the LACP dynamic trunk group will be created automatically.
- **Work ports:** allows max four ports to be aggregated at the same time. With LACP dynamic trunk group, the exceed ports are standby and can be aggregated if work ports fail. If it is static trunk group, the number of ports must be the same as the group member ports.
- Select the ports to join the trunk group. Allows max four ports to be aggregated at the same time. Click Add to add the port. To remove unwanted ports, select the port and click Remov.
- If LACP enable, you can configure LACP Active/Passive status in each ports on State Activity page.

Click Apply

Use Apply to delete Trunk Group. Select the Group ID and click Delete

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Open all Main Page	Port	Trunk	- Aggrega	tor Se	tting
System Yort Port Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring	Aggregator Set	ting A	ggregator Information System Priority 1) St	ate Activity
Rate Limiting Protocol Security		Group ID Lacp	Trunk.1 Enable	Select	_
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 		Work Ports Port.01 Port.08	2 < <add Remove>></add 	Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.09 Port.10	
	Figure 3.3-21		pply Delete Help or Setting		

Aggregator Information

When you have set up the aggregator setting with LACP disabled, you will see the local static trunk group information here.

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						Ind	ustrial S
Open all 📓 Main Page	Port Tru	nk -	Aggr	ega	tor	Inforn	nation
	Aggregator Setting		Aggregator	Informa	tion	Stat	e Activity
Port Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk				Group1			
Port Mirroring		Actor		Group1	Partner	r	
Rate Limiting		Priority	1		1		
🗉 📃 Protocol		MAC	00FF383746	5C	001122	334422	
🗉 🚊 Security		PortNo	Key Priority			Key Priority	
Factory Default				selected			
Save Configuration		PORT1	513 1	selected	PORT2	513 1	
🚊 System Reboot							
	Figure 3.3-22 Aggi	regator	r Informatio	on			

State Activity

When you had set up the LACP aggregator, you can configure port state activity. You can mark or unmark the port. When you mark the port and click Apply the port state activity will change to Active. Opposite is Passive.

Active: The port automatically sends LACP protocol packets.

Passive: The port does not automatically send LACP protocol packets, and responds only if it receives LACP protocol packets from the opposite device.

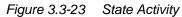
Note

A link having either two active LACP ports or one active port can perform dynamic LACP trunk.

A link has two passive LACP ports will not perform dynamic LACP trunk because both ports are waiting for an LACP protocol packet from the opposite device.

If you are the active LACP's actor, after you have selected trunk port, the active status will be activated automatically.

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	Industrial S
Open all Main Page	Port Trunk - State Activity
	Aggregator Setting Aggregator Information State Activity
Port Statistics	Port LACP State Activity Port LACP State Activity
Port Control Port Trunk	1 Active 2 N/A
Port Mirroring	3 N/A 4 N/A
Rate Limiting	5 N/A 6 N/A
Protocol	7 N/A 8 🗹 Active
E Security	9 N/A 10 N/A
 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Apply Help



Port Mirroring

The Port mirroring is a method for monitoring traffic in switched networks. Traffic through ports can be monitored by one specific port. That means traffic which goes in or out the monitored (source) ports will be duplicated into the mirror (destination) port.

Destination Port: There is only one port can be selected to be destination (mirror) port for monitoring both RX and TX traffic which come from source port. Or, use one of two ports for monitoring RX traffic only and the other one for TX traffic only. User can connect mirror port to LAN analyzer or Netxray
 Source Port: The ports that user wants to monitor. All monitored port traffic will be copied to mirror (destination) port. User can select multiple source ports by checking the RX or TX check boxes to be monitored.

And then, click Apply

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I		Port	Mirro	oring
Page				
1		Destina	tion Port	Source
		RX	ТХ	RX
	Port.01	•	\odot	
	Port.02	0	0	
	Port.03	0	0	
	Port.04	0	0	
	Port.05	0	0	
	Port.06	0	0	
	Port.07	0	0	
	Port.08	0	0	
	Port.09	0	0	
	Port.10	0	0	

Figure 3.3-24 Port Mirroring

Rate Limiting

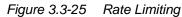
You can set up the bandwidth rate and frame limitation type for each port.

- Ingress Limit Frame type: select the frame type that wants to filter. The frame types have 4 options for selecting: All, Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast, Broadcast/Multicast and Broadcast only. Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast, Broadcast/Multicast and Bbroadcast only types are only for ingress frames. The egress rate only supports All type.
- All the ports support port ingress and egress rate control. For example, assume port 1 is 10Mbps, users can set it's effective egress rate is 1Mbps, ingress rate is 500Kbps. The switch performs the ingress rate by packet counter to meet the specified rate

Ingress: Click the pull-down menu to select the port effective ingress rate (The default value is "0" kbps). **Egress:** Click the pull-down menu to select the port effective egress rate (The default value is "0" kbps) And then, click Apply to apply the settings

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				In	dust	ria:
Open all		Rate Limi	ting			
🖹 Main Page 🗉 🦲 System		Ingress Limit Frame Type	Ingress		Egress	
🖃 🚖 Port	Port.01		0	🔽 kbps		kbps
Port Statistics Port Control	Port.02	All 💌	0	💌 kbps	0 160	kbps
Port Trunk	Port.03	All 💌	0	🖌 kbps	320	kbps
Port Mirroring	Port.04	All 💌	0	💌 kbps	512 768	kbps
Rate Limiting	Port.05	All 💌		🔽 kbps	1024	kbps
∃ 🛄 Protocol ∃ 🚞 Security	Port.06	All	0	🔽 kbps	1536	kbps
Factory Default	Port.07	All 💌	0	🖌 kbps	2048	kbps
🚊 Save Configuration	Port.08	All 💌	0	🔽 kbps	4096	kbps
🚊 System Reboot	Port.09	All 💌	0	🔽 kbps		kbps
	Port.10	All 💌	0	🔽 kbps	10240 20480	kbps
		Apply Help)		30720 40960 61440 81920 128000	



Chapter3

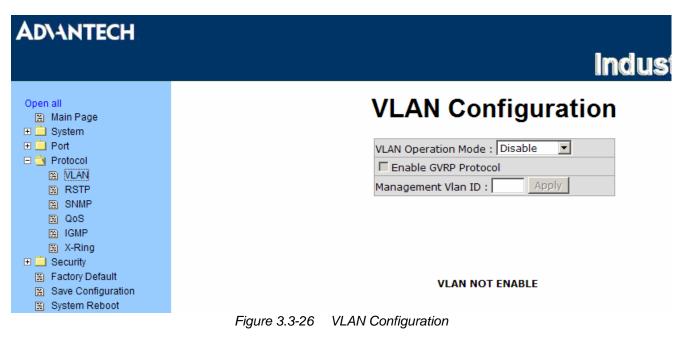
3.3.3 Protocol

User can set the layer 2 protocol setting via this interface.

VLAN configuration

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would allow you to isolate network traffic, so only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The industrial switch supports port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is "**Disable**".



VLAN configuration - Port-based VLAN

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

In order for an end station to send packets to different VLAN groups, it itself has to be either capable of tagging packets it sends with VLAN tags or attached to a VLAN-aware bridge that is capable of classifying and tagging the packet with different VLAN ID based on not only default PVID but also other information about the packet, such as the protocol.

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	Indus
Open all Main Page	VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based . Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : Apply
	Figure 3.3-27 Port based mode

 Pull down the select item menu of VLAN Operation Mode, and select Port Based mode.

 Click
 Add

 to add a new VLAN group(The maximum VLAN group is up to 256 VLAN groups)

 Entering the VLAN name, group ID and grouping the members of VLAN group

 And then, click
 Apply

ADVANTECH Indus VLAN Configuration Open all 🗎 Main Page 🗉 🚊 System 🕀 📄 Port VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based 💌 🖃 🔄 Protocol Enable GVRP Protocol 🗎 VLAN Management Vlan ID : RSTP B SNMP 🗎 QoS 🗎 IGMP 🖹 X-Ring 🗉 🚞 Security Group Name Factory Default VLAN ID 1 Save Configuration Port.01 System Reboot Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Add Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Remove Port.08 Port.09 Port.10 Apply Help Figure 3.3-28 Port based mode-Add interface

You will see the VLAN displays.

Use Delete to delete unwanted VLAN.

Use Edit to modify existing VLAN group.

Note

Remember to execute the "**Save Configuration**" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

802.1Q VLAN

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard. Therefore, it is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers. You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configure. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, the all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN can't be deleting.

GVRP allows automatic VLAN configuration between the switch and nodes. If the switch is connected to a device with GVRP enabled, you can send a GVRP request using the VID of a VLAN defined on the switch; the switch will automatically add that device to the existing VLAN.

AD\ANTECH Industrial **VLAN** Configuration Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 🚞 System VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q -🕀 📄 Port Enable GVRP Protocol 🖃 🔄 Protocol E VLAN Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply 🖹 RSTP B SNMP 🗎 QoS 🗎 IGMP 🚊 X-Ring 802.1Q Configuration Group Configuration 🗉 📄 Security Factory Default Untagged Vid Tagged Vid Port Link Type Save Configuration Port.01 V Access Link V 1 System Reboot Apply Help Port Link Type Untagged Vid Tagged Vid Port.01 Access Link 1 Port.02 Access Link 1 Port.03 Access Link 1 Port.04 Access Link 1 Port.05 Access Link 1 Port.06 Access Link 1 Port.07 Access Link 1 Port.08 Access Link 1 Port.09 Access Link 1 Port.10 Access Link 1

Figure 3.3-29 802.1Q VLAN Configuration

802.1Q Configuration

Pull down the select item menu of VLAN Operation Mode, and select Port Based mode.

Enable GVRP Protocol: mark the check box to enable GVRP protocol that allows network devices to dynamically exchange VLAN configuration information with other devices. If GVRP protocol is not enabled, user has to set the tagging information manually.

Select the port that you want to configure.

Link Type: there are 3 types of link type.

- > Access Link: single switch only, allow user to group ports by setting the same VID.
- Trunk Link: the extended application of Access Link. While the ports are set in this type, they can forward the packets with specified tag among the switches which are included in the same VLAN group.
- > Hybrid Link: Both Access Link and Trunk Link are available.

Untagged VID: assign the untagged frame VID.

Tagged VID: assign the tagged frame VID.

Click Apply

Group Configuration

Edit the existing VLAN Group. Select the VLAN group in the table list. Click Apply

ADVANTECH Industrial S **VLAN Configuration** Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 🚞 System 🗉 🚞 Port VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q • 🖃 🔁 Protocol Enable GVRP Protocol 🗎 VLAN Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply 🚊 RSTP SNMP 🗎 QoS 🗎 IGMP 🚊 X-Ring 🗉 📄 Security 802.1Q Configuration Group Configuration Factory Default Save Configuration Default 1 🚊 System Reboot Edit Delete Figure 3.3-30 802.1Q Group Configuration

You can Change the VLAN group name and VLAN ID.

Click Apply

ADVANTECH	industriai S
Open all Main Page System Port Port VLAN RSTP SNMP SNMP QOS IGMP X-Ring	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q Enable GVRP Protocol Management Vlan ID : 0 Apply
 	802.1Q Configuration Group Configuration Group Name Default VLAN ID 1 Apply

Figure 3.3-31 802.1Q Group Configuration-Edit

Rapid Spanning Tree

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol and provides for faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP - System Configuration

User can view spanning tree information about the Root Bridge

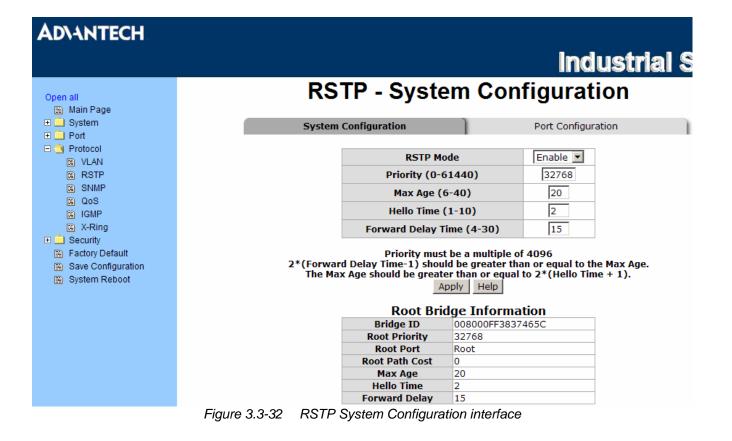
User can modify RSTP state. After modification, click Apply

- RSTP mode: user must enable or disable RSTP function before configure the related parameters
- Priority (0-61440): a value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, user must reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule
- Max Age (6-40): the number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40
- Hello Time (1-10): the time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10
- Forward Delay Time (4-30): the number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening STP states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30

Note

Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.

2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) > = Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)



RSTP - Port Configuration

You can configure the path cost and priority of each port.

Select the port in Port column.

- **Path Cost:** The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000.
- **Priority:** Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple of 16.
- **P2P:** Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. it is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True is P2P enabling.
- **Edge:** The port directly connected to end stations cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to "True" status.
- **Non Stp:** The state of whether the port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the STP mathematic calculation.

Click	Apply
-------	-------

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Open all Main Page	R	STP -	Por	t C	onfi	gurat	ion
🗉 🧰 System	System	Configuration				Port Conf	iguration
Port VLAN	Port (;	Path Cost 1-20000000	Priori 0) (0-24	ty 0) Ad	min P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non Stp
ERSTP ESNMP EQOS EGMP	Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	20000	128		Auto 💌	true 💌	false 💌
 X-Ring Security Factory Default Save Configuration 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ority must be			6 Help		
System Reboot			~		THEIP		
			RSTP) Por	t Statu	S	
	Port		rt Oper rity P2P		Stp Neighbor	State	Role
	Port.0	1 200000 12	8 True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
		2 200000 12		True	False	Disabled	Disabled
		3 200000 12		True	False	Disabled	Disabled
		4 200000 12		True	False	Forwarding	-
		5 200000 12		True	False	Disabled	Disabled
		6 200000 12		True	False	Disabled	Disabled
		7 200000 12		True	False	Disabled	Disabled
		8 200000 12 9 20000 12		True True	False False	Disabled Disabled	Disabled Disabled
		9 20000 12	o inde	nue	raise	Disabled	Disabled
		0 20000 12	8 True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

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SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

System Configuration

Community Strings

You can define new community string set and remove unwanted community string. **String:** Fill the name string.

RO: Read only. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information.

RW: Read write. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.

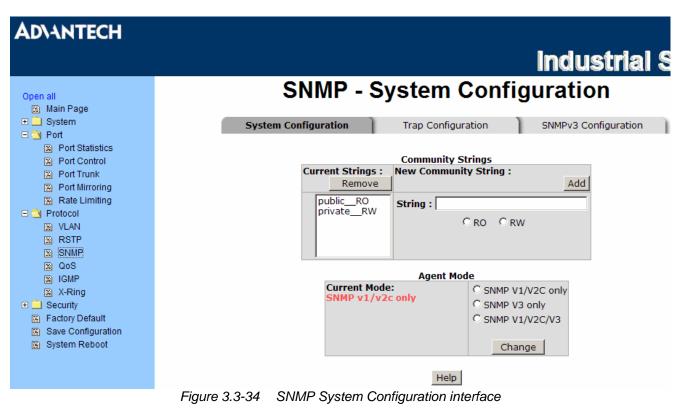
Click Add

To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and click

Remove. You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.

Agent Mode

Select the SNMP version that you want to use it. And then click Change to switch to the selected SNMP version mode.



Trap Configuration

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of trap manager.Community: Enter the community string.Trap Version: Select the SNMP trap version type – v1 or v2c.

Click Add

To remove the community string, select the community string that you have defined and click

Remove . You cannot edit the name of the default community string set.

AD\ANTECH		
		ndustrial S
Open all B Main Page C System C Port C Port Statistics P Port Control P Port Trunk P Port Mirroring Rate Limiting C Protocol VLAN R RSTP SNMP C OS IGMP X-Ring C Security F actory Default Save Configuration	SNMP - Trap Configura	
System Reboot	Figure 3.3-35 Trap Configuration interface	

SNMPV3 Configuration

Configure the SNMP V3 function.

Context Table

Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of the context table. Click Apply to add context name.

User Table

Configure SNMP v3 user table.. User ID: set up the user name. Authentication Password: set up the authentication password. Privacy Password: set up the private password.

Click Add to add context name.

Click **Remove** to remove unwanted context name.

Group Table

Configure SNMP v3 group table.

Security Name (User ID): Assign the user name that you have set up in user table. **Group Name:** Set up the group name.

Click Add to add context name.

Click **Remove** to remove unwanted context name.

Access Table

Configure SNMP v3 access table.

Context Prefix: Set up the context name. Group Name: Set up the group. Security Level: Set up the access level. Context Match Rule: Select the context match rule. Read View Name: Set up the read view. Write View Name: Set up the write view. Notify View Name: Set up the notify view.

Click Add to add context name.

Click **Remove** to remove unwanted context name.

MIBview Table

Configure MIB view table.

ViewName: Set up the name. Sub-Oid Tree: Fill the Sub OID.

Type: Select the type – exclude or included.

Click Add to add context name.

Click **Remove** to remove unwanted context name.

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Industrial Switch SNMP - SNMPv3 Configuration Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 📄 System System Configuration Trap Configuration SNMPv3 Configuration 🗆 🔁 Port Port Statistics Context Table 🗎 Port Control 🚊 Port Trunk Context Name : Apply 🚊 Port Mirroring Rate Limiting User Table Current User Profiles : New User Profile : 🖃 🔄 Protocol Remove Add VLAN 🖹 RSTP (none) User ID: SNMP 🗎 QoS Authentication Password: ■ IGMP 🗎 X-Ring Privacy Password: 🗉 🚞 Security Factory Default Group Table Save Configuration Current Group content : New Group Table: System Reboot Remove Add (none) Security Name (User ID): Group Name: Access Table New Access Table : Current Access Tables : Remove Add (none) Context Prefix: Group Name: NoAuthNoPriv. O AuthNoPriv. C Security Level: AuthPriv. Context Match Rule C Exact C Prefix Read View Name: Write View Name: Notify View Name: **MIBView Table** Current MIBTables : New MIBView Table : Remove Add (none) View Name: SubOid-Tree: Type: O Excluded O Included Help Note: Any modification of SNMPv3 tables might cause MIB accessing rejection. Please take notice of the causality between the tables before you modify these tables.

Figure 3.3-36 SNMP V3 configuration interface

QoS Configuration

Here you can configure Qos policy and priority setting, per port priority setting, COS and TOS setting.

QoS Policy and Priority Type

- Qos Policy: Select the QoS policy rule.
 - Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme: The switch will follow 8:4:2:1 rate to process priority queue from High to lowest queue. For example, while the system processing, 1 frame of the lowest queue, 2 frames of the low queue, 4 frames of the middle queue, and 8 frames of the high queue will be processed at the same time in accordance with the 8,4,2,1 policy rule.
 - Use a strict priority scheme: Always the higher queue will be processed first, except the higher queue is empty.
 - Priority Type: There are 5 priority type selections available—Port-based, TOS only, COS only, TOS first, and COS first. Disable means no priority type is selected.
- Click Apply to make the settings effective.

Port Base Priority

Configure the priority level for each port. With the drop-down selection item of **Priority Type** above being selected as Port-based, this control item will then be available to set the queuing policy for each port.

- Port x: Each port has 4 priority levels—High, Middle, Low, and Lowest—to be chosen.
- Click Apply to have the settings taken effect.

COS Configuration

Set up the COS priority level. With the drop-down selection item of **Priority Type** above being selected as COS only/COS first, this control item will then be available to set the queuing policy for each port.

- COS priority: Set up the COS priority level 0~7—High, Middle, Low, Lowest.
- Click Apply

TOS Configuration

Set up the TOS priority. With the drop-down selection item of **Priority Type** above being selected as TOS only/TOS first, this control item will then be available to set the queuing policy for each port.

- **TOS priority:** The system provides 0~63 TOS priority level. Each level has 4 types of priority—High, Middle, Low, and Lowest. The default value is 'Lowest' priority for each level. When the IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS level value in the IP packet that has received. For example, the user sets the TOS level 25 as high, the system will check the TOS value of the received IP packet. If the TOS value of received IP packet is 25 (priority = high), and then the packet priority will have highest priority.
- Click Apply to make the settings taken effect.

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🗆 🔄 Port Port Statistics Port Control 🚊 Port Trunk 🚊 Port Mirroring Rate Limiting
 Protocol 🗎 VLAN RSTP SNMP IGMP 🗎 X-Ring 🗉 🚞 Security 🚊 Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot

Industrial Switch

QoS Configuration

Qos Policy:

	• Use an 8,4	,2,1 weigl	hted fair	queuing scheme
	🔿 Use a stric	t priority s	cheme	
F	Priority Type:	Disable	•	

Apply Help

Port-based Priority:

I OIC Du	504 I II.								
Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06	Port.07	Port.08	Port.09	Port.10
Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
				Apply	Help				

COS:								
Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌							
				Apply	Help			

TOS:								
Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌
Priority	40							
	10	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
				43 Lowest 💌		45 Lowest 💌		
Priority	Lowest 💌							
Priority	Lowest - 48	Lowest - 49	Lowest - 50	Lowest - 51	Lowest 💌	Lowest - 53	Lowest 💌	Lowest - 55
Priority	Lowest 48 Lowest	Lowest - 49	Lowest - 50	Lowest - 51	Lowest - 52	Lowest - 53	Lowest - 54	Lowest - 55
Priority Priority	Lowest 48 Lowest 56	Lowest 49 Lowest 57	Lowest 50 Lowest 58	Lowest 51 Lowest	Lowest 52 Lowest 60	Lowest 53 Lowest 61	Lowest 54 Lowest	Lowest 55 Lowest 63

Figure 3.3-37 QoS Configuration interface

IGMP Configuration

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is a communications protocol used to manage the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups. IGMP is used by IP hosts and adjacent multicast routers to establish multicast group memberships. It is an integral part of the IP multicast specification, like ICMP for unicast connections. IGMP can be used for online video and gaming, and allows more efficient use of resources when supporting these uses.

IGMP have three fundamental types of message as follows:

Table 3.19: IGMP types			
Message	Description		
Query	A message sent from the querier (IGMP router or switch) asking for a response from each host belonging to the multicast group.		
Report	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host wants to be or is a member of a given group indicated in the report message.		
Leave Group	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host has quit being a member of a specific multicast group.		

The switch support IP multicast, you can enable IGMP protocol on web management's switch setting advanced page, then displays the IGMP snooping information. IP multicast addresses range are from 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

IGMP Protocol: Enable or disable the IGMP protocol.

IGMP Query: Select the IGMP query function as Enable or Auto to set the switch as a querier for IGMP version 2 multicast network.

Click Apply

AD\ANTECH Industr **IGMP** Configuration Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 📄 System IP Address VLAN ID Member Port 🖃 🔄 Port 239.255.255.250 ***4***** 1 Port Statistics Port Control Port Trunk 🚊 Port Mirroring 🚊 Rate Limiting 🖃 🔁 Protocol 🗎 VLAN RSTP IGMP Protocol: Enable 💌 SNMP 🗎 QoS IGMP Query : Auto -IGMP 🗎 X-Ring Apply Help 🗉 📋 Security Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot Figure 3.3-38 IGMP Configuration interface

X-Ring

X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar to STP or RSTP, but the algorithms between them are not the same.

In the X-Ring topology, each switch should be enabled with the X-Ring function and two ports of each switch should be configured as the member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as the master switch that one of its two member ports, known as backup port, would be blocked and the other port is called working port. Other switches in the X-Ring group are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the failure of network connection occurs, the backup port (blocked) of the master switch (Ring Master) will automatically become a working port to help the entire group recover from the failure.

The switch supports the function and interface to configure the switch being a ring master. The ring master can negotiate and place commands to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are two or more switches in master mode, the software will configure the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The ring master mode can be enabled via the X-Ring configuration interface. Also, the user can identify whether the switch is the ring master by checking the corresponding LED indicator on the panel of the switch.

The system also supports the **Couple Ring** topology that can connect two X-Ring groups for the redundant backup function. Besides, the **Dual Homing** topology can prevent connection lose between the X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch.

Enable X-Ring: To enable the X-Ring function. Marking the check box to enable the X-Ring function. **Enable Ring Master**: Mark the check box for enabling this machine to be a ring master.

1st & 2nd Ring Ports: Pull down the selection menu to assign two ports as the member ports. 1st Ring Port is the working port and 2nd Ring Port is the backup port. When 1st Ring Port fails, the system will automatically upgrade the 2nd Ring Port to be the working port.

Enable Coupling Ring: To enable the coupling ring function. Marking the check box to enable the coupling ring function.

Coupling port: Assign the member port.

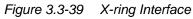
Control port: Set the switch as the master switch in the coupling ring.

Enable Dual Homing: Set up one of port on the switch to be the Dual Homing port. In an X-Ring group, maximum Dual Homing port is one. Dual Homing only work when the X-Ring function enable.

And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

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pen all	X-Ring Con	figuration	
🖹 Main Page	_	-	
System	🗆 Enable Ring		
Port 🔄			
Port Statistics	Enable Ring Master		
Port Control	1st Ring Port	Port.01 💌	
Port Trunk	2nd Ring Port	Port.02 🔽	
Port Mirroring	Enable Couple Ring		
ate Limiting	Coupling Port	Port.03	
col			
AN	Control Port	Port.04 💌	
STP	🔽 Enable Dual Homing	Port.05 🔽	
IP			
	Apply	Help	
ry Default			
guration			
Reboot			



Note

To enable the X-Ring function, users must disable the RSTP first. The X-Ring function and RSTP function cannot both be activated on a single switch. Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch powers off.

3.3.4 Security

In this section, you can configure 802.1x and MAC address table.

802.1X/Radius Configuration

802.1x is an IEEE authentication specification that allows a client to connect to a wireless access point or wired switch but prevents the client from gaining access to the Internet until it provides authority, like a user name and password that are verified by a separate server.

802.1X/Radius - System Configuration

After enabling the IEEE 802.1X function, you can configure the parameters of this function.

IEEE 802.1x Protocol: .enable or disable 802.1x protocol.

Radius Server IP: set the Radius Server IP address.

Server Port: set the UDP destination port for authentication requests to the specified Radius Server.
 Accounting Port: set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the specified Radius Server.
 Shared Key: set an encryption key for using during authentication sessions with the specified radius server. This key must match the encryption key used on the Radius Server.

NAS, Identifier: set the identifier for the radius client.

Click Apply

AD\ANTECH **Industrial** S 802.1x/Radius - System Configuration Open all 🚊 Main Page 🗉 🚞 System System Configuration Port Configuration Misc Configuration 🖃 🔁 Port Port Statistics 802.1x Protocol Enable -Port Control 🚊 Port Trunk Radius Server IP 0.0.0.0 🚊 Port Mirroring 1812 Server Port Rate Limiting Accounting Port 1813 🕀 🚊 Protocol 🗆 🔁 Security Shared Key 12345678 802.1x/Radius NAS, Identifier NAS_L2_SWITCH MAC Address Table Factory Default Apply Help Save Configuration System Reboot Figure 3.3-40 802.1x/Radius System Configuration

802.1x/Radius - Port Configuration

You can configure 802.1x authentication state for each port. The State provides Disable, Accept, Reject and Authorize. Use "Space" key change the state value.

Reject: the specified port is required to be held in the unauthorized state.
Accept: the specified port is required to be held in the Authorized state.
Authorized: the specified port is set to the Authorized or Unauthorized state in accordance with the outcome of an authentication exchange between the Supplicant and the authentication server.
Disable: The specified port is required to be held in the Authorized state

Click Apply

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Open all	802.1x/Radius - Port Configuration			
Main Page	5			
	System Configuration Port Configuration Misc Configuration			
□ ◯ Port	System Configuration Port Configuration Misc Configuration			
Port Statistics				
Port Control	Port State			
Port Trunk	Port.01			
Port Mirroring	Port.02 Port.03			
Rate Limiting	Port.04 Reject			
Protocol	Port.05 Accept			
🗆 🤄 Security	Authorize			
802.1x/Radius	Apply Help			
MAC Address Table				
Factory Default	Port Authorization			
Save Configuration	Port State			
System Reboot	Port.01 Disable			
	Port.02 Disable			
	Port.03 Disable			
	Port.04 Disable			
	Port.05 Disable			
	Port.06 Disable			
	Port.07 Disable			
	Port.08 Disable			
	Port.09 Disable			
	Port.10 Disable			

Figure 3.3-41 802.1x/Radius - Port Setting interface

802.1X/Radius - Misc Configuration

Quiet Period: set the period during which the port doesn't try to acquire a supplicant.

TX Period: set the period the port wait for retransmit next EAPOL PDU during an authentication session.

Supplicant Timeout: set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to an EAP request.

Server Timeout: set the period of time the switch waits for a server response to an authentication request.

Max Requests: set the number of authentication that must time-out before authentication fails and the authentication session ends.

Reauth period: set the period of time after which clients connected must be re-authenticated.

Click Apply

802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration

System Configur	ation Port Configuration	Misc Configuration
	Quiet Period	60
	Tx Period	30
	Supplicant Timeout	30
	Server Timeout	30
	Max Requests	2
	Reauth Period	3600
	Apply Help	

Figure 3.3-42 802.1x/Radius - Misc Configuration

MAC Address Table

Use the MAC address table to ensure the port security.

You can add a static MAC address; it remains in the switch's address table, regardless of whether the device is physically connected to the switch. This saves the switch from having to re-learn a device's MAC address when the disconnected or powered-off device is active on the network again. You can add / modify / delete a static MAC address.

MAC Address Table - Static MAC Address

You can add static MAC address in the switch MAC table here.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the port that should permanently forward traffic, regardless of the device network activity.

Port No.: pull down the selection menu to select the port number.

Click Add

If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete

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	Industrial Sw
Open all Main Page	MAC Address Table - Static MAC Addresses
 System Port Port Control Port Trunk Port Mirroring Rate Limiting Protocol Security 802.1x/Radius MAC Address Table Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	Static MAC Addresses MAC Filtering All Mac Addresses 00FF3837465F Port.01 MAC Address 00FF3837465E Port No. Port.01 Add Delete Help
	Figure 3.3-43 Static MAC Addresses interface

MAC Address Table - MAC Filtering

By filtering MAC address, the switch can easily filter pre-configure MAC address and reduce the unsafety. You can add and delete filtering MAC address.

AD\ANTECH			
			Industrial S
Open all Main Page	MAC Addr	ess Table - MA	AC Filtering
🗉 🧰 System	Static MAC Addresses	MAC Filtering	All Mac Addresses
 Port Protocol Security 802.1x/Radius MAC Address Table Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 		00FF3837465F	
	MAC	Address	
		Add Delete Help	
	Figure 3.3-11 MAC F	iltoring intorface	

Figure 3.3-44 MAC Filtering interface

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address that you want to filter.

Click Add

If you want to delete the MAC address from filtering table, select the MAC address and click Delete

MAC Address Table - All MAC Addresses

You can view the port of the connected device's MAC address and related devices' MAC address.

Select the port.

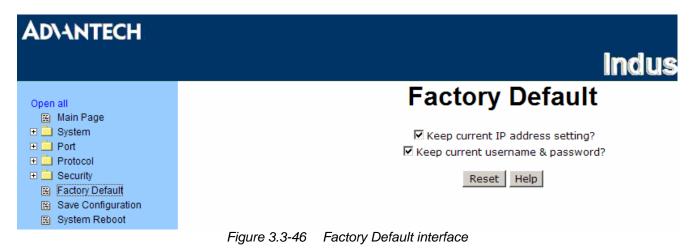
The selected port of static MAC address information will be displayed here.

Click Clear MAC Table to clear the current port static MAC address information on screen.

AD\ANTECH			
			Industrial S
Open all Main Page	MAC Address	Table - All N	lac Addresses
	Static MAC Addresses	MAC Filtering	All Mac Addresses
 System Port Protocol Security 802.1x/Radius MAC Address Table Factory Default Save Configuration System Reboot 	D	Port No: Port.01 DOFF3837465F STATIC Dynamic Address Count:0 tatic Address Count:1	
	Figure 3.3-45 All MAC A	Clear MAC Table	

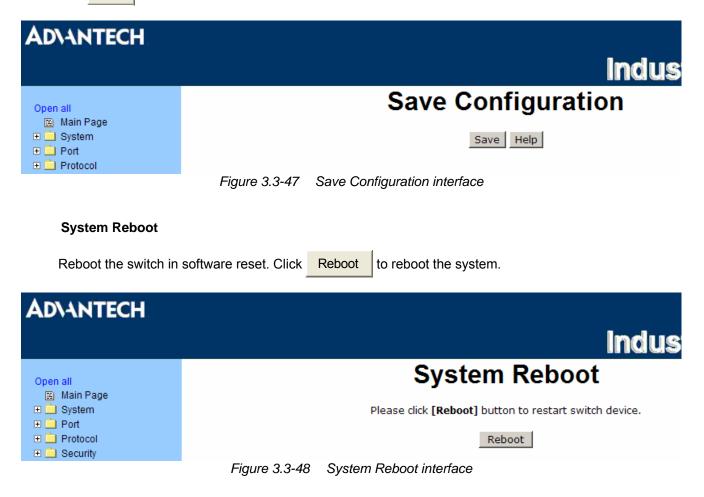
Factory Default

Reset switch to default configuration. Click **Reset** to reset all configurations to the default value.



Save Configuration

Save all configurations that you have made in the system. To ensure the all configuration will be saved, click Save to save the all configuration to the flash memory.





Troubleshooting

Chapter 4 Troubleshooting

Verify that is using the included or appropriate power cord/adapter. Don't use the power adaptor with DC output voltage higher than the power rating of the device. Otherwise, the device will burn down.

Select the proper UTP cable to construct the network. Please check that is using the right cable. Use Unshielded Twisted-Pair (UTP) or Shielded Twisted-Pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections: 100 Category 3, 4 or 5 cable for 10 Mbps connections or 100 Category 5 cable for 100 Mbps connections. Also, be sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).

Diagnosing LED Indicators

The switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators, which describes common problems user may encounter and where user can find possible solutions, to assist in identifying.

If the power indicator does not light up when the power cord is plugged in, user may have a problem with power cord. Then check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at power outlet. If user still cannot resolve the problem, contact the local dealer for assistance.

If the Industrial switch LED indicators are normal and the connected cables are correct but the packets still cannot transmit, please check your system's Ethernet devices configuration or status.

APPENDIX

Pin Assignments & Wiring

Appendix A Pin Assignments & Wiring

It is suggested to adopt ELA/TIA as the wiring of the RJ-45.

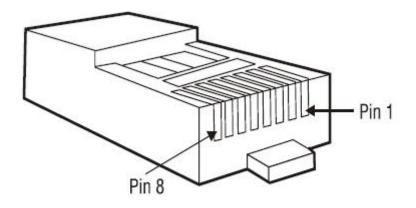
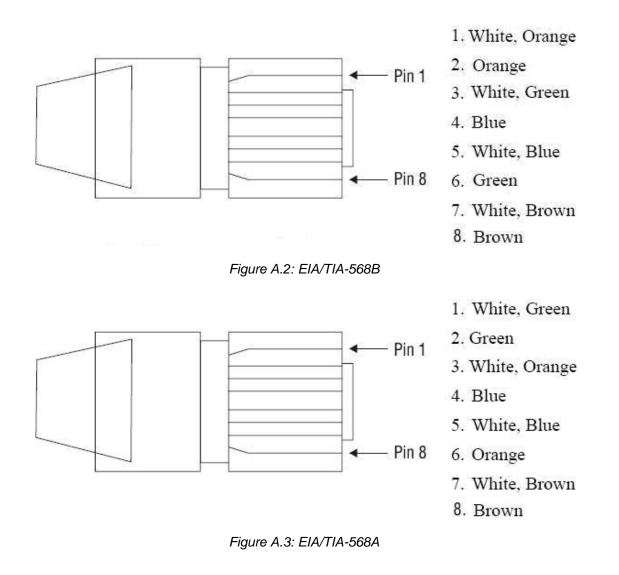
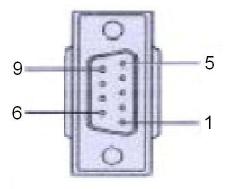


Figure A.1: RJ-45 Pin Assignments





DB 9-pin Female Figure A.4: DB 9-pin female connector

DB9 Connector	RJ-45 Connector
NC	1 Orange/White
2	2 Orange
3	3 Green/White
NC	4 Blue
5	5 Blue/White
NC	6 Green
NC	7 Brown/White
NC	8 Brown

Compatible SFP Transceivers

Appendix B Compatible SFP Transceivers

The table below shows compatible SFP transceivers for EKI-7659C.

ltem	Brand	Part Number	Mode	Transmission Distance
1	AVAGO	AFBR-5710PZ		550m
2	APAC	LM28-C3S-TC-N	Multi-mode	550m
3	HOATECH	HTI8512-X5ATO		550m
4	SPACE SHUTTLE	S56L-S85-6L-N		550m
	LuminentOIC	SP-GB-LX	Single mode	10km
5		SP-GB-ELX		20km
		SP-GB-XD		50km
6	AVAGO	AFCT-5710PZ	Single-mode	10km
7	APAC	LS38-C3M-TC-N		20km
8	SPACE SHUTTLE	S56L-L13-6L-N		10km